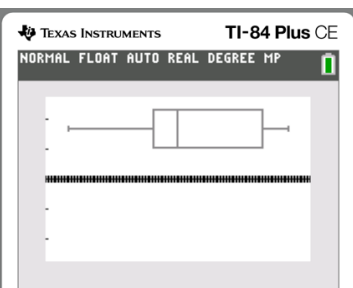
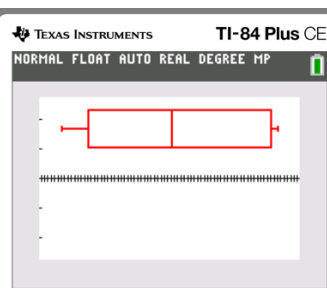
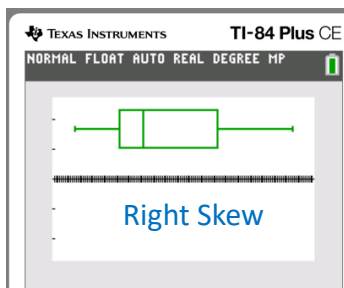
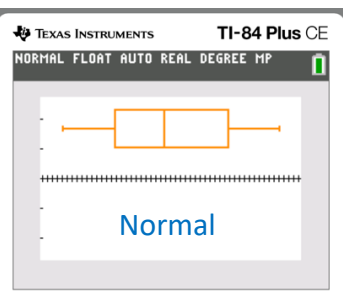
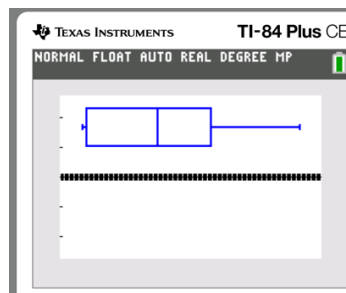
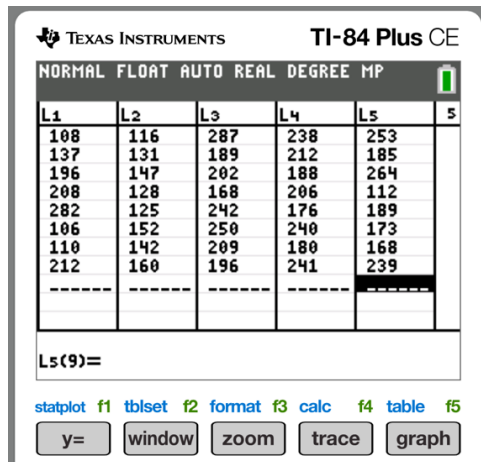


One Way ANOVA Worksheet **Solutions**

Analysis of Variance

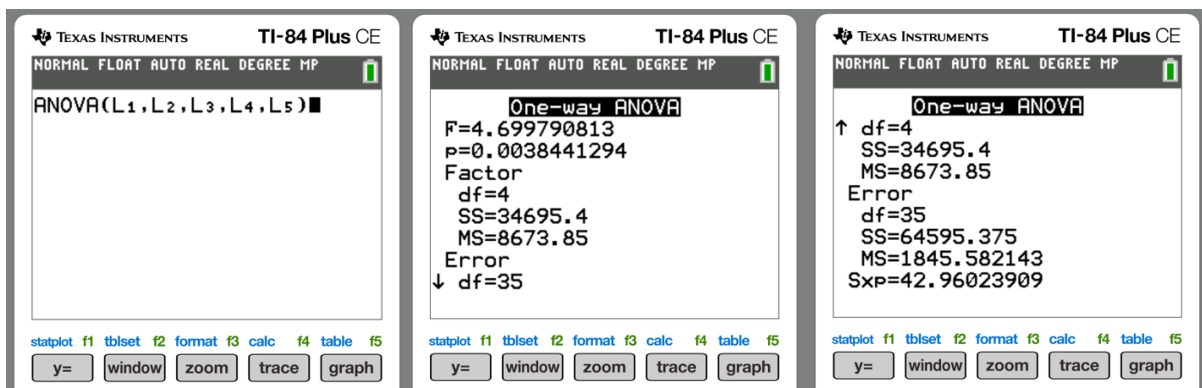
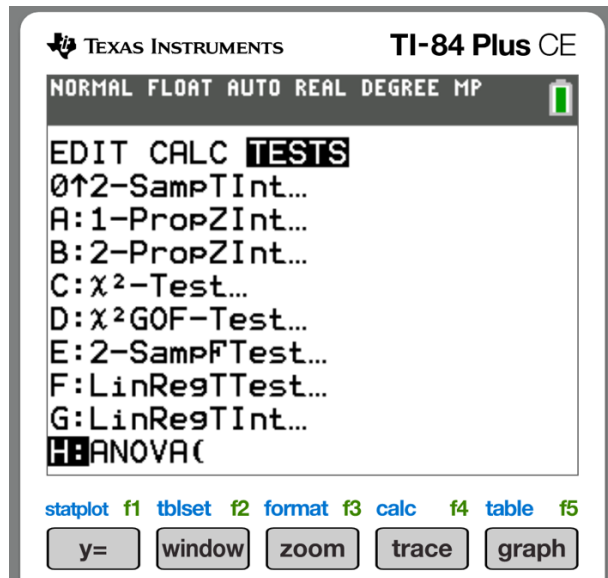
- Fast Food Service Time**-The table below lists the service times for fast-food restaurants at the Local Mall and measured from the time you order to the time you receive your food. Use the **5% level of significance** to test the claim that the samples come from populations with the same mean.

Tommy's Burgers		Shanghai Dumplings		Local Mall Mario's Tacos		Luigi's Pizza		AZTECA Tacos	
108		116		287		238		253	
137		131		189		212		185	
196		147		202		188		264	
208		128		168		206		112	
282		125		242		176		189	
106		152		250		240		173	
110		142		209		180		168	
212		160		196		241		239	
Mean	169.875	Mean	137.625	Mean	217.875	Mean	210.125	Mean	197.875
Var	4150.982	Var	225.411	Var	1503.268	Var	743.554	Var	2604.696
SD	64.428	SD	15.014	SD	38.772	SD	27.268	SD	51.036
n	8	n	8	n	8	n	8	n	8



$$H_0: \mu_1 = \mu_2 = \mu_3 = \mu_4 = \mu_5 \text{ Claim}$$

$$H_1: \text{at least one } \mu \text{ is not equal}$$



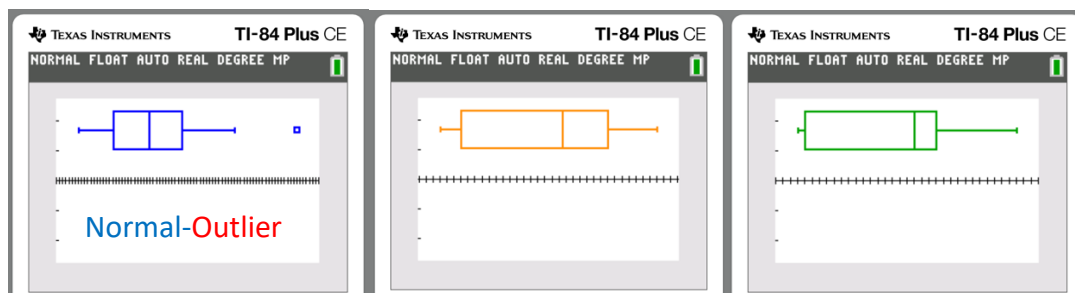
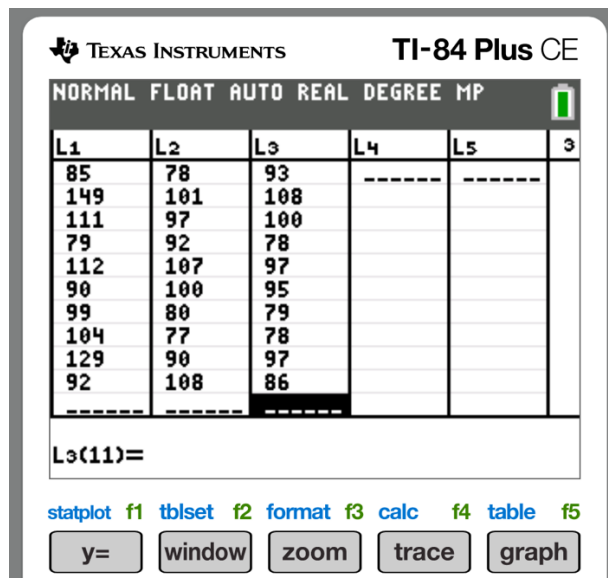
$p \approx 0.004$; $p < 0.005$; p value is low, H_0 has to go!

The Sample Does Not Support the Claim

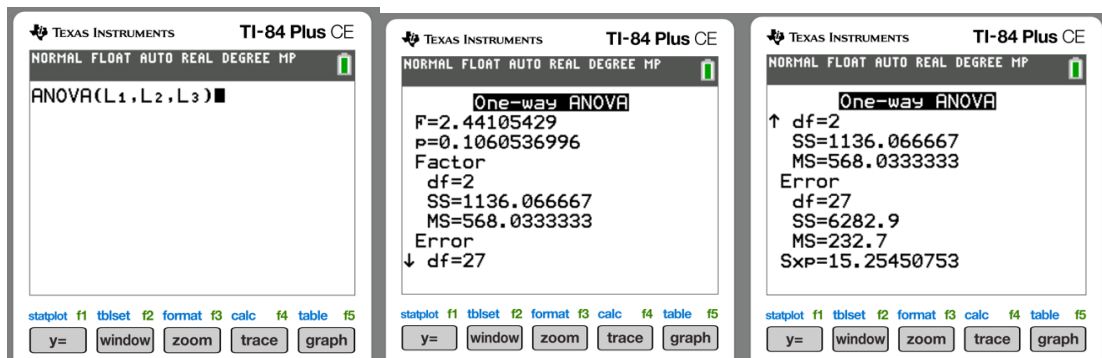
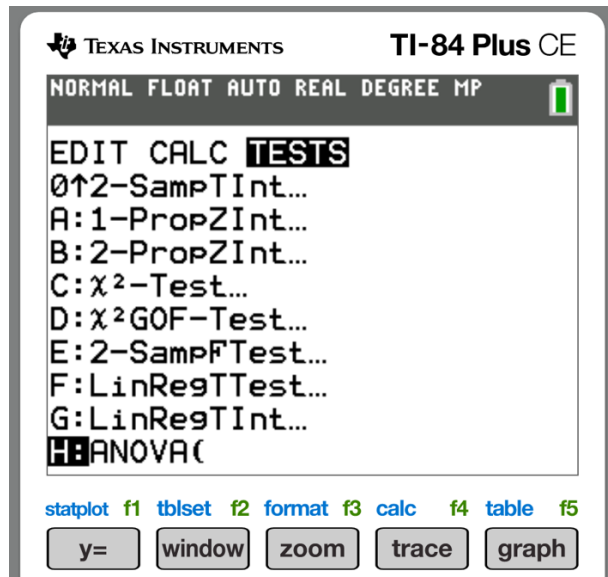
The data comes from populations with unequal means

2. **Lead and Performance IQ Scores in Children-** IQ scores from three different blood levels are listed below. Use the **5% level of significance** to test the claim that the samples come from populations with the same mean.

	Blood		
	Low Lead Level	Medium Lead Level	High Lead Level
	85	78	93
	149	101	108
	111	97	100
	79	92	78
	112	107	97
	90	100	95
	99	80	79
	104	77	78
	129	90	97
	92	108	86
Mean	105.000	Mean 93.000	Mean 91.100
Var	456.000	Var 134.444	Var 107.656
SD	21.354	SD 11.595	SD 10.376
n	10	n 10	n 10



$H_0: \mu_1 = \mu_2 = \mu_3$ **Claim**
 H_1 : at least one μ is not equal

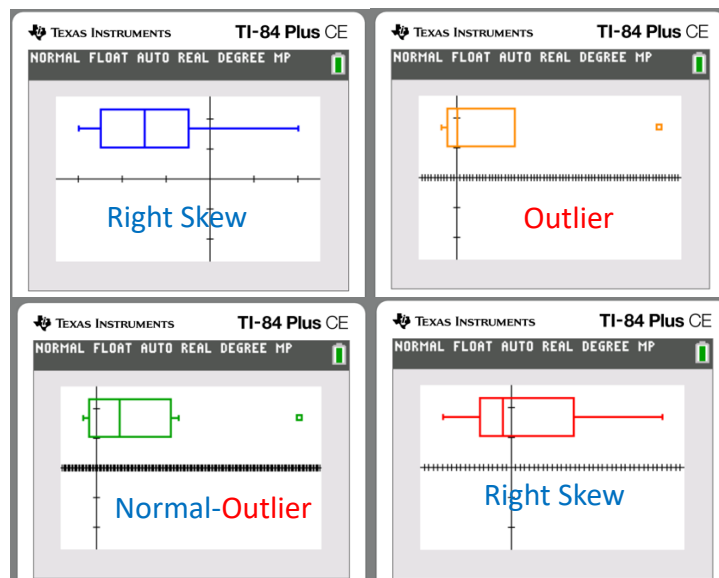
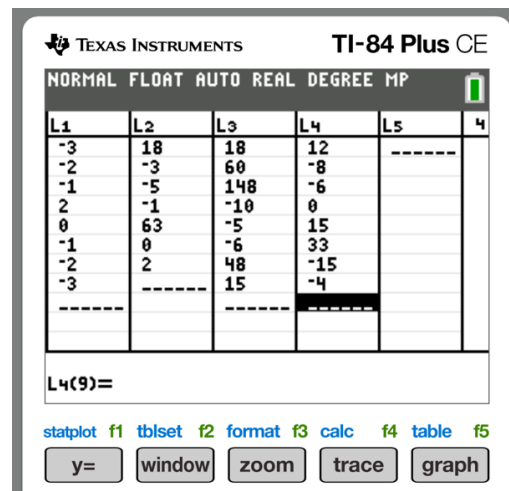


$p \approx 0.106$; $p < 0.005$; Accept H_0
 The Sample Supports the Claim

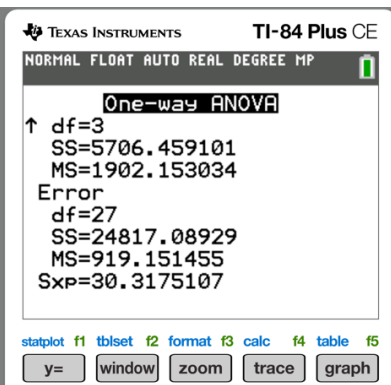
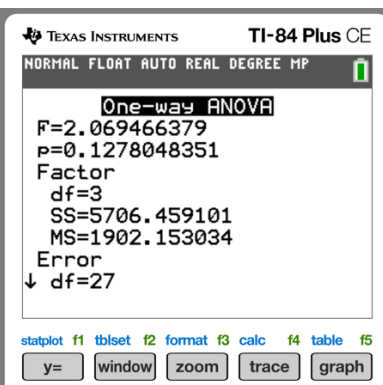
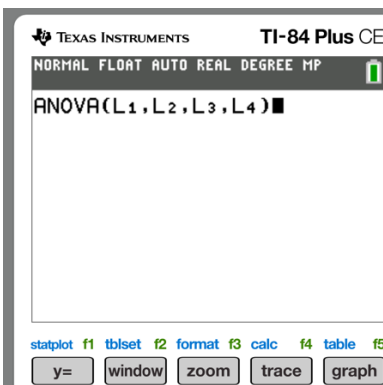
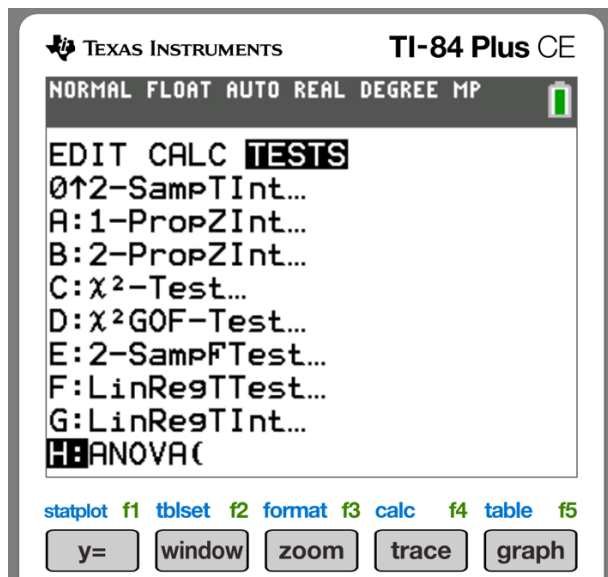
The data comes from populations with equal means

3. **Flight Departure Delay Times**- The table below lists the delay times (minutes) of a popular airline for flights headed to Las Vegas. Negative values correspond to flights that departed early. Use the **5% level of significance** to test the claim that the samples come from populations with the same mean.

			Popular Airline					
	Flight 1		Flight 18		Flight 23		Flight 37	
	-3		18		18		12	
	-2		-3		60		-8	
	-1		-5		148		-6	
	2		-1		-10		0	
	0		-4		-5		15	
	-1		63		-6		33	
	-2		0		48		-15	
	-3		2		15		-4	
Mean	-1.250	Mean	8.750	Mean	33.500	Mean	3.375	
Var	2.786	Var	533.643	Var	2791.429	Var	243.982	
SD	1.669	SD	23.101	SD	52.834	SD	15.620	
n	8	n	8	n	8	n	8	



$H_0: \mu_1 = \mu_2 = \mu_3 = \mu_4$ **Claim**
 H_1 : at least one μ is not equal

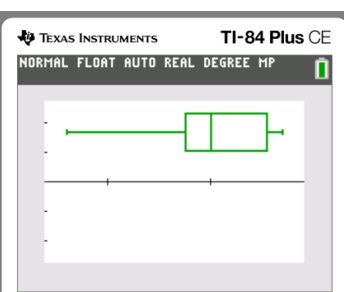
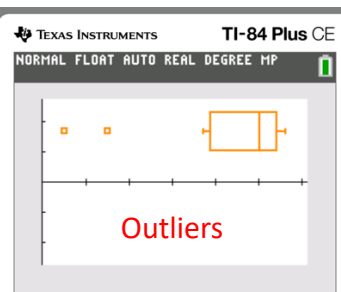
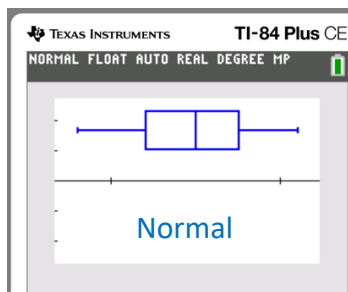
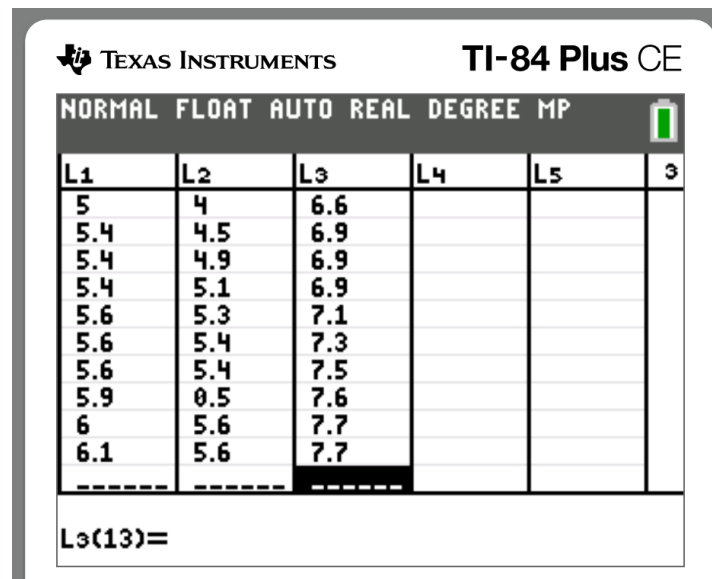


$p \approx 0.106$; $p > 0.005$; Accept H_0
 The Sample Supports the Claim

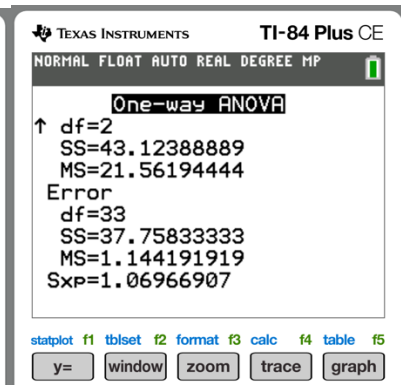
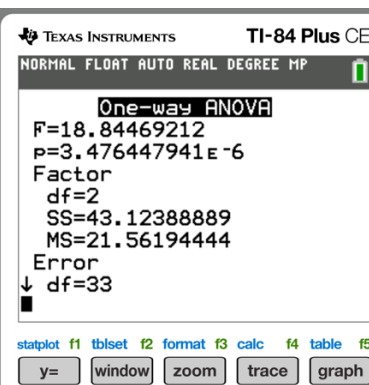
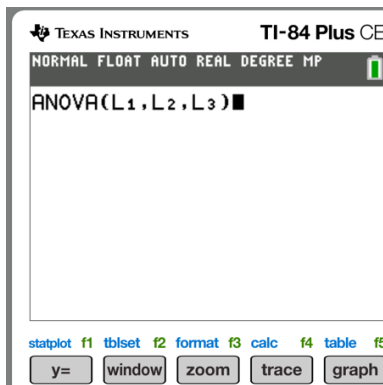
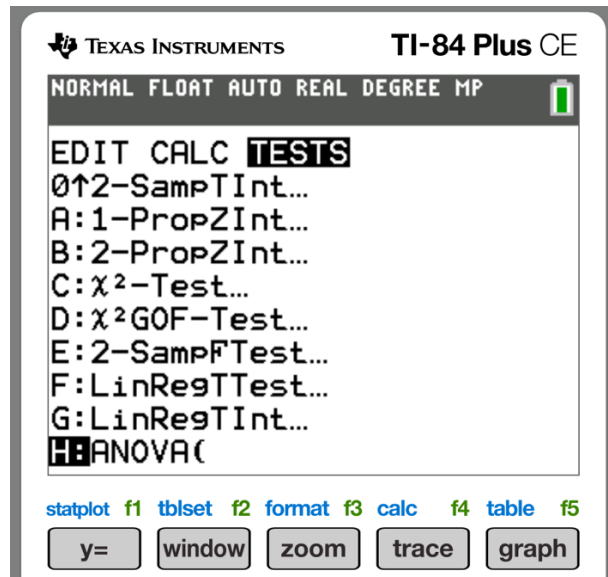
The data comes from populations with equal means

4. **Arsenic in Rice**– The tables below list the amount of Arsenic in Brown Rice from different states. The amounts are in micrograms of arsenic and all samples are of the same “serving sizes”. The data is from the Food and Drug Administration. Use the **5% level of significance** to test the claim that the samples come from populations with the same mean.

			State				
	Arkansas		California		Texas		
	4.8		1.5		5.6		
	4.9		3.7		5.8		
	5		4		6.6		
	5.4		4.5		6.9		
	5.4		4.9		6.9		
	5.4		5.1		6.9		
	5.6		5.3		7.1		
	5.6		5.4		7.3		
	5.6		5.4		7.5		
	5.9		5.5		7.6		
	6		5.6		7.7		
	6.1		5.6		7.7		
Mean	5.475		Mean	4.7083		Mean	6.967
Var	0.175		Var	1.4154		Var	0.479
SD	0.418		SD	1.1897		SD	0.692
n	12		n	12		n	12



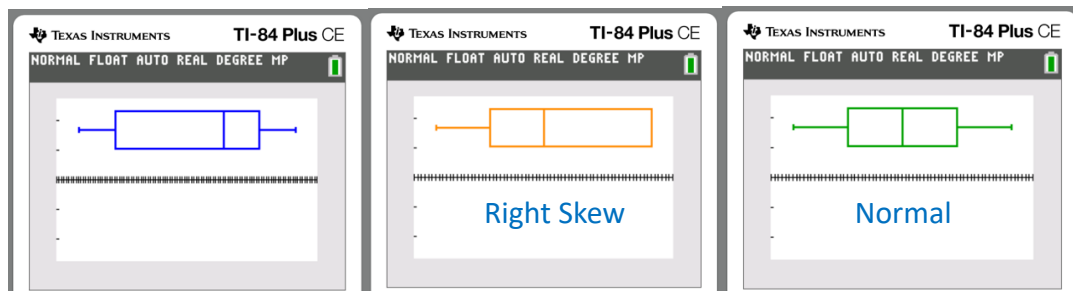
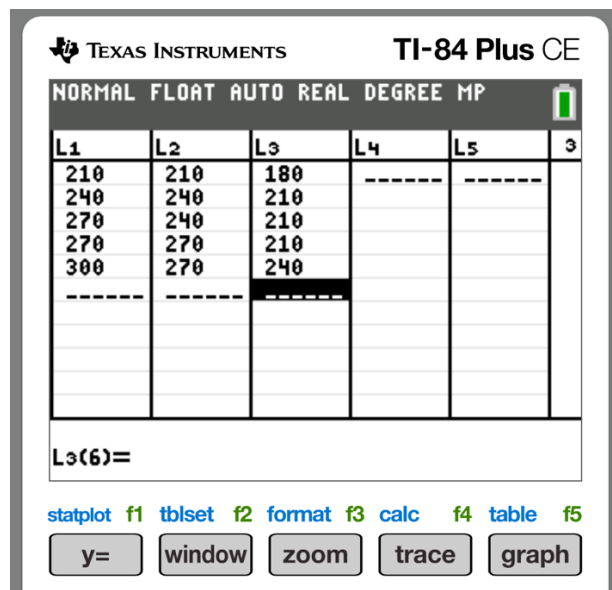
$H_0: \mu_1 = \mu_2 = \mu_3$ **Claim**
 H_1 : at least one μ is not equal



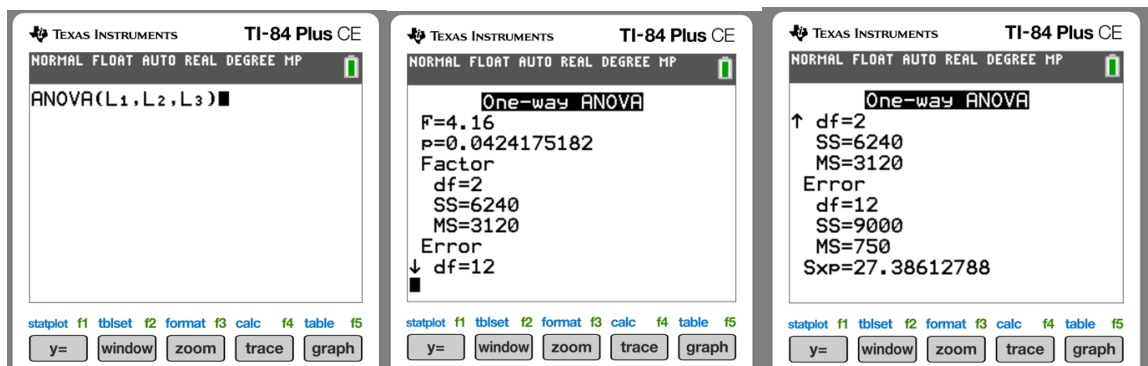
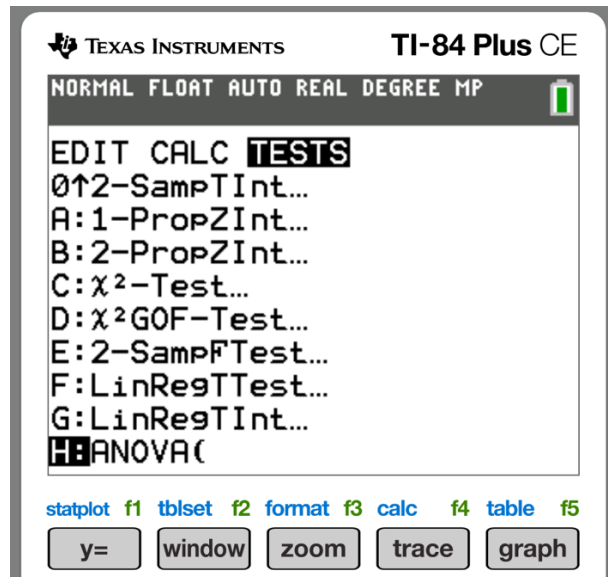
$p \approx 0.000$; $p < 0.005$; p value is low, H_0 has to go!
 The Sample Does Not Support the Claim
 The data comes from populations with unequal means

5. **Cholesterol Medication-** A Pharmaceutical Company wants to test the effectiveness of a new medication. The table below represents the cholesterol levels with various doses of the new cholesterol medication. Use the **5% level of significance** to test the claim that the samples come from populations with the same mean.

			Dosage				
	Group 1		Group 2			Group 3	
	0 mg		50 mg			100 mg	
	210		210			180	
	240		240			210	
	270		240			210	
	270		270			210	
	300		270			240	
Mean	258.000		Mean	246.000		Mean	210.000
Var	1170.000		Var	630.000		Var	450.000
SD	34.205		SD	25.100		SD	21.213
n	5		n	5		n	5



$H_0: \mu_1 = \mu_2 = \mu_3$ **Claim**
 H_1 : at least one μ is not equal



$p \approx 0.000$; $p < 0.005$; p value is low, H_0 has to go!
The Sample Does Not Support the Claim
 The data comes from populations with unequal means