Normal Probability Distribution Solutions

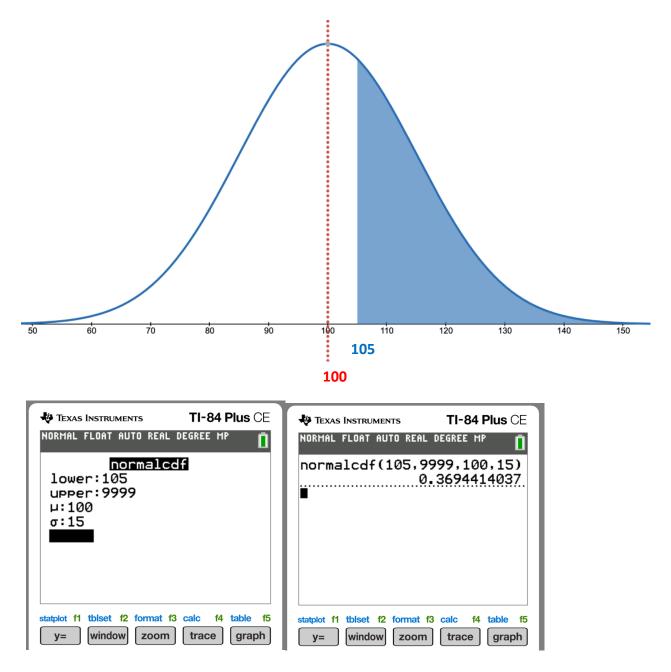
IQ Scores

IQ scores are normally distributed with a mean of 100 and a standard deviation of 15. If you select a person at random, what's then probability the person has an IQ score that is: **Approximate your answers to the nearest thousandths.**

x = IQ Scores, $\mu = 100$, $\sigma = 15$ 1. Less than 85? x < 85 130 100 110 120 140 150 90 85 100 🐺 Texas Instruments TI-84 Plus CE TEXAS INSTRUMENTS TI-84 Plus CE NORMAL FLOAT AUTO REAL DEGREE MP NORMAL FLOAT AUTO REAL DEGREE MP Ē. normalcdf(-9999,85,100,15) normalcdf lower: -9999 0.1586552596 upper:85 µ:100 σ:15 Paste statplot f1 tblset f2 format f3 calc f4 table f5 statplot f1 tblset f2 format f3 calc f4 table f5 window zoom trace graph window zoom trace graph y= y=

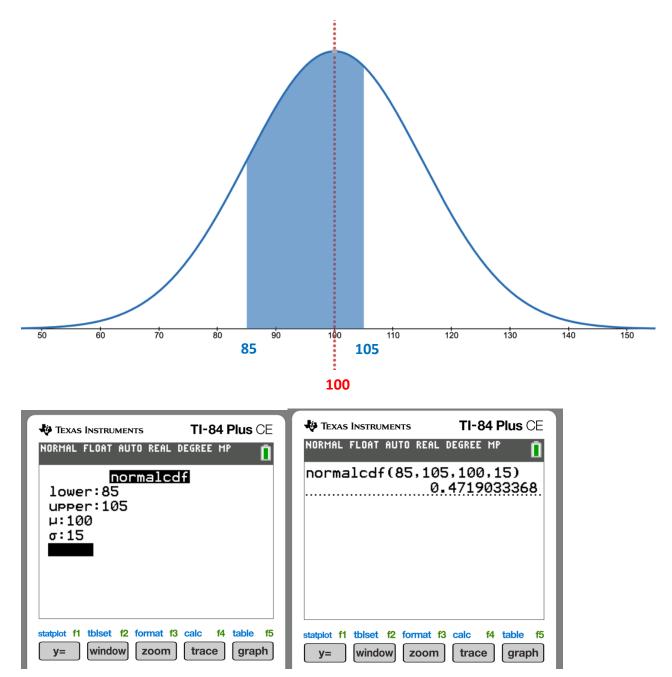
 $p(x < 85) \approx 0.159$

2. At least 105? $x \ge 105$



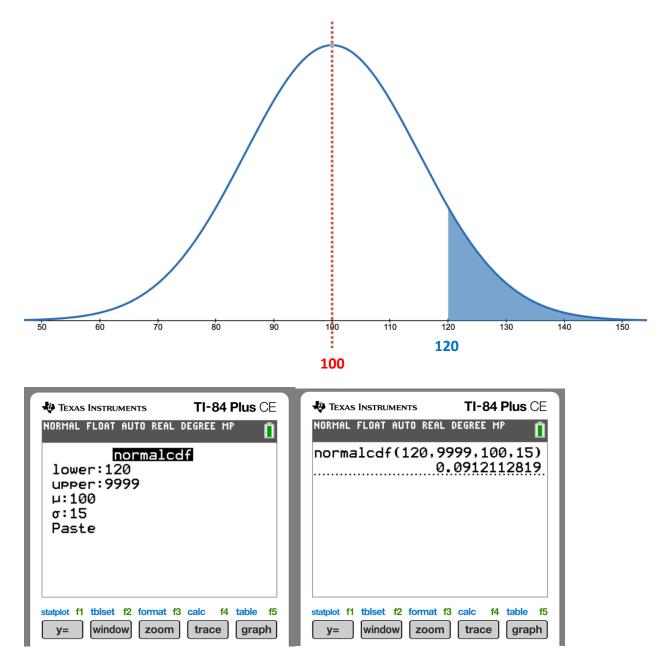
 $p(x < 105) \approx 0.369$

3. Between 85 and 105? $85 \le x \le 105$



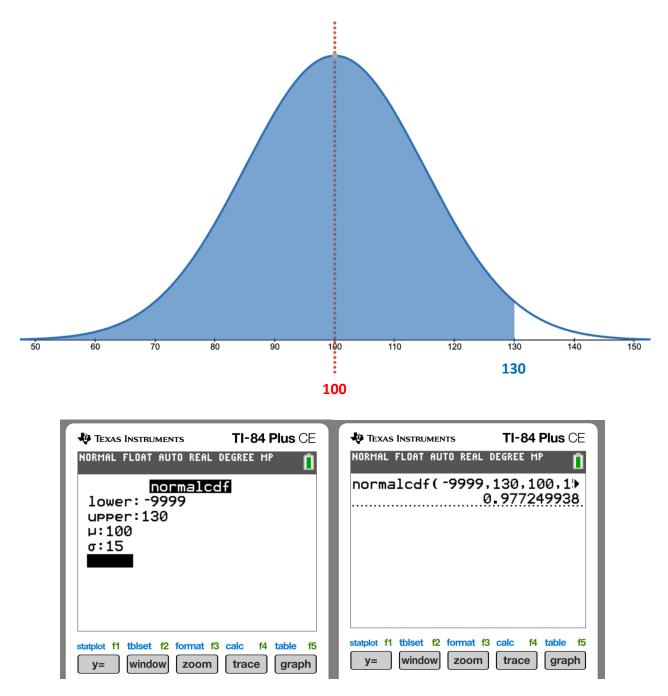
 $p(85 \le x \le 105) \approx 0.472$

4. More than 120 x > 120



 $p(x > 120) \approx 0.091$

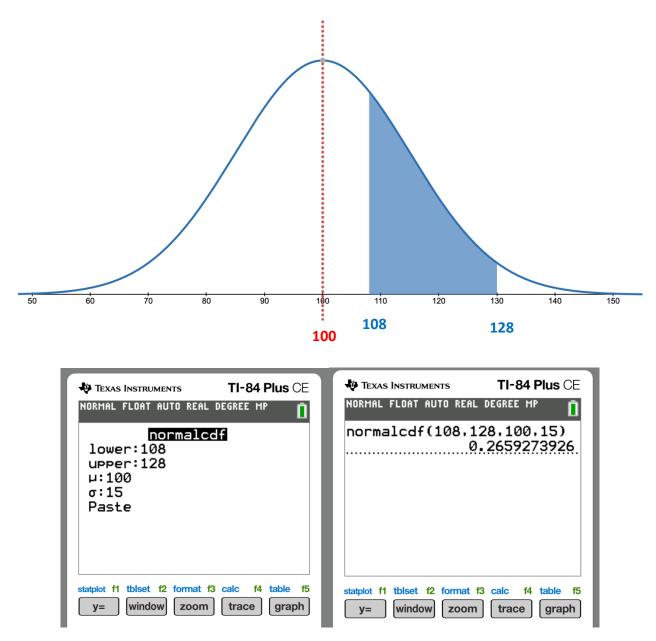
5. No more than 130? $x \le 130$



 $p(x \le 130) \approx 0.977$

Almost Certain

6. Between 108 and 128? $108 \le x \le 130$

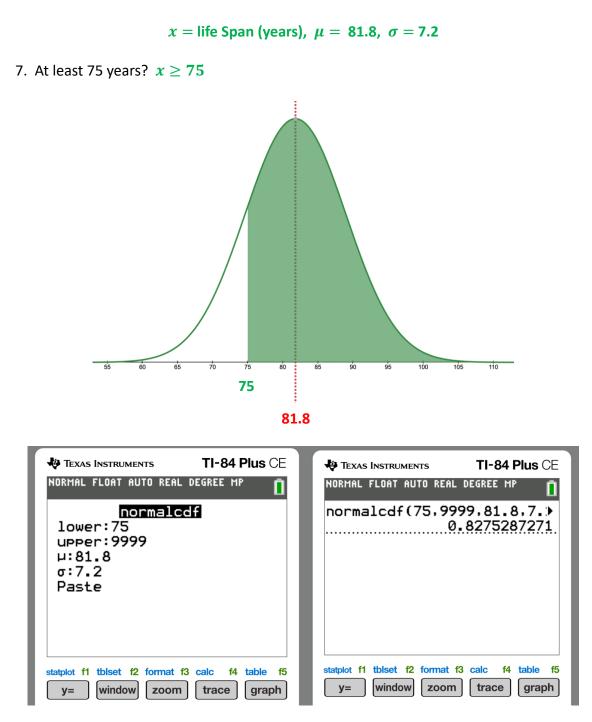


 $p(108 \ge x \le 128) \approx 0.266$

X

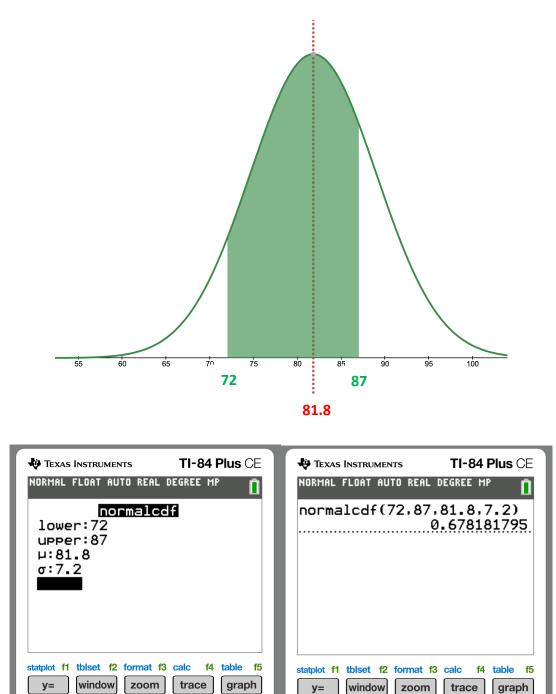
California Life Expectancy

California residents have a mean life Span of 81.8 years with a standard deviation of 7.2 years. If you select a California resident at random, what's the probability the California resident lives: **Approximate your answers to the nearest thousandths.**



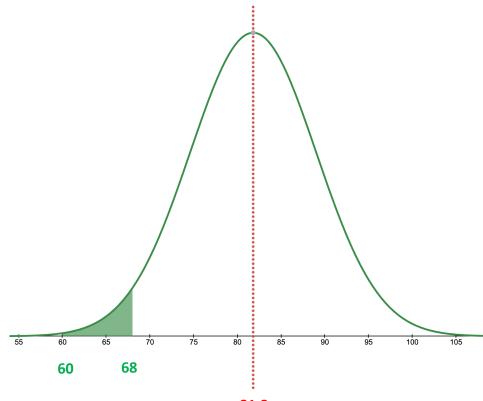
 $p(x \ge 75) \approx 0.828$

8. Between 72 and 87 years? $72 \le x \le 87$

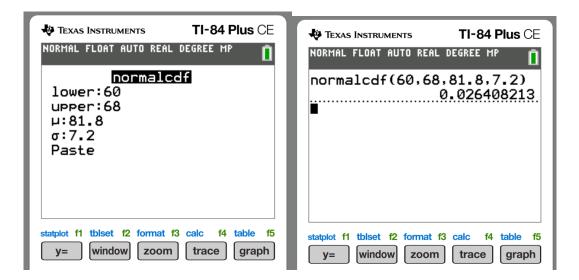


 $p(72 \le x \le 87) \approx 0.678$

9. Between 60 and 68 years? $60 \le x \le 68$



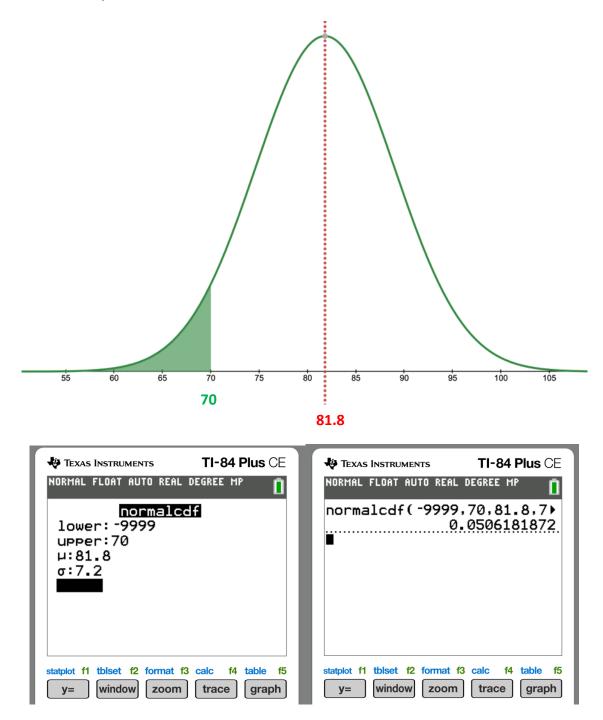




 $p(60 \le x \le 68) \approx 0.026$

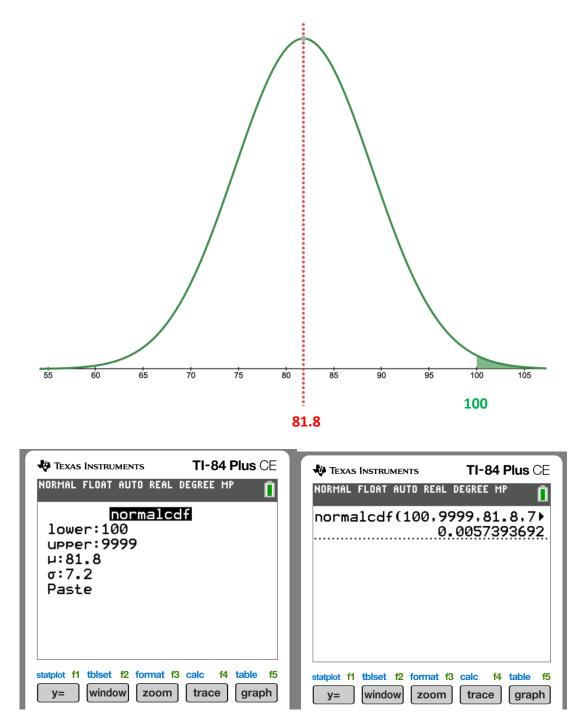


10. Less than 70 years? x < 70



 $p(x < 70) \approx 0.051$

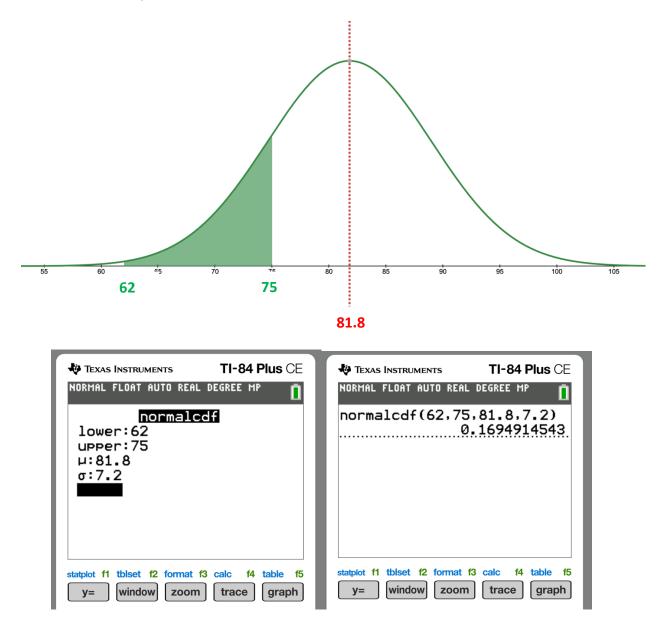
11. More than 100 years? x > 100



 $p(x > 100) \approx 0.006$

Not Likely

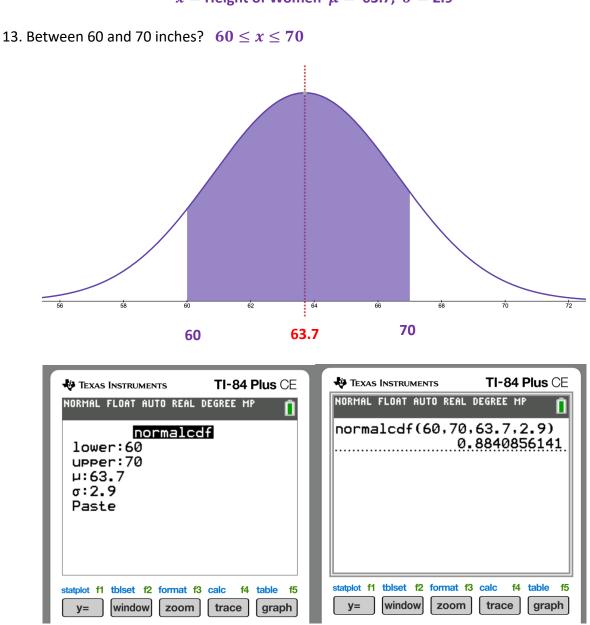
12. Between 62 and 75 years?



 $p(x > 100) \approx 0.169$

Height of Women

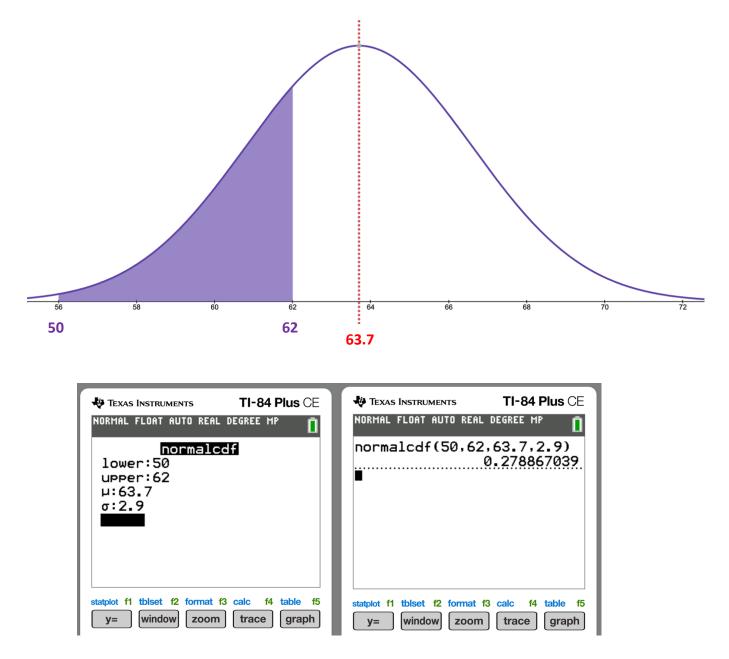
The height of women is normally distributed with a mean of 63.7 inches and a standard deviation of 2.9 inches. If you select a woman at random, what's the probability a woman will be: Approximate your answers to the nearest thousandths.



x = Height of Women $\mu = 63.7, \sigma = 2.9$

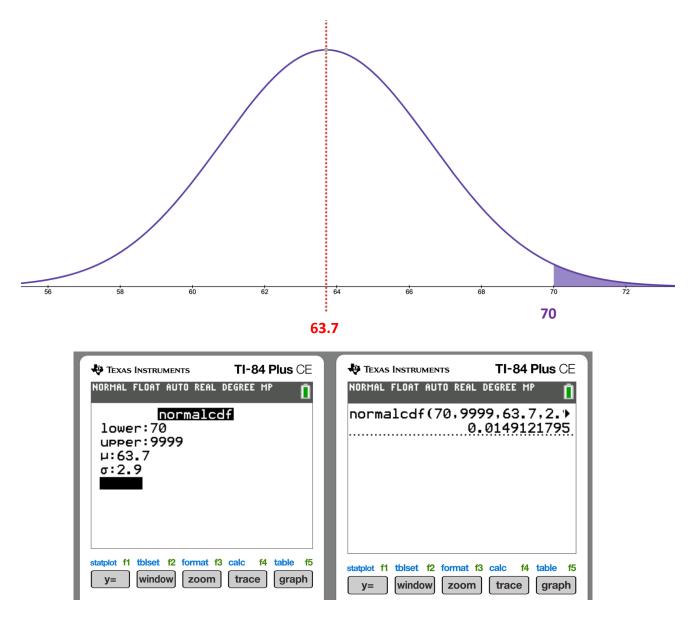
 $p(60 \le x \le 70) \approx 0.884$

14. Between 50 and 62 inches? $50 \le x \le 62$



 $p(50 \le x \le 62) \approx 0.279$

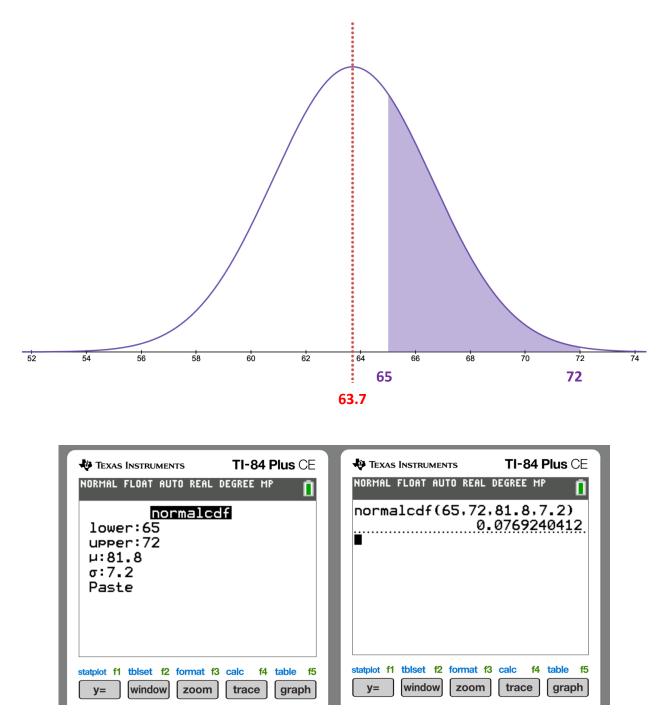
15. At least 70 inches? $x \ge 70$

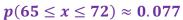


 $p(x \ge 70) \approx 0.015$

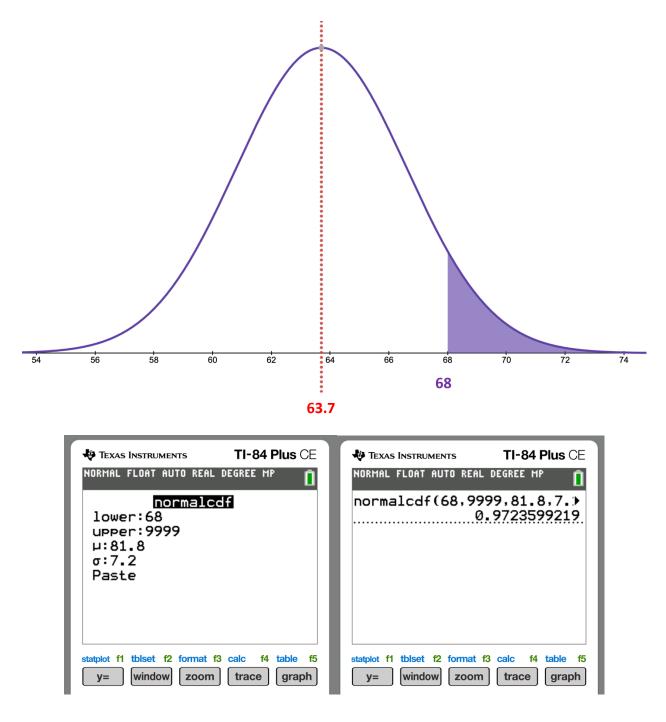
Not Likely

16. Between 65 inches and 72 inches?





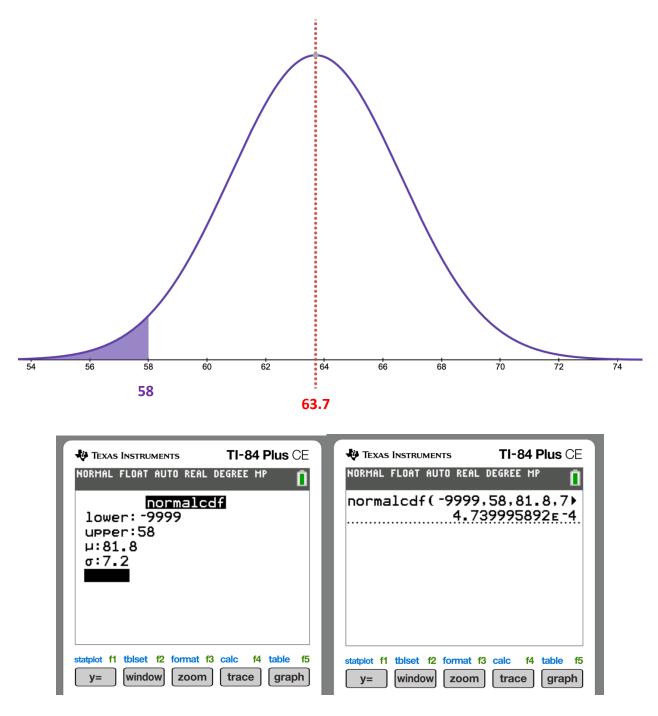
17. More than 68 inches?



 $p(x > 68) \approx 0.972$

Almost Certain

18. No more than 58 inches?

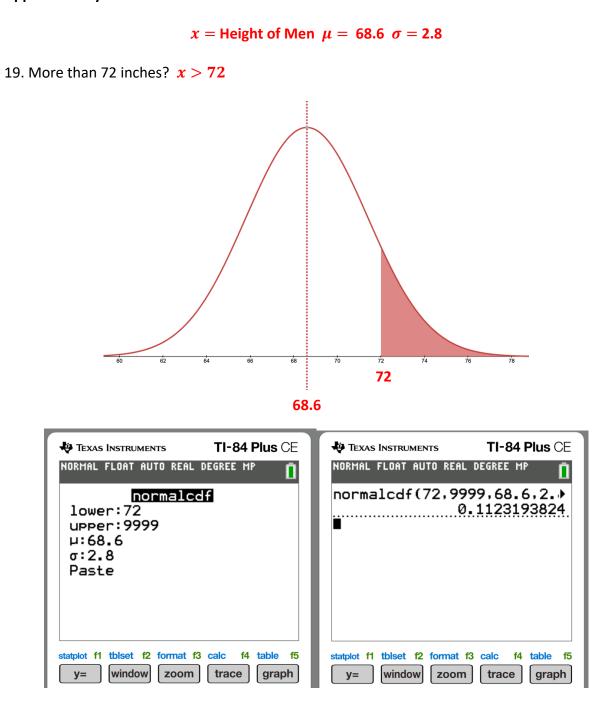


 $p(x \leq 58) \approx 0.000$

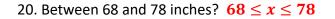
Not Likely

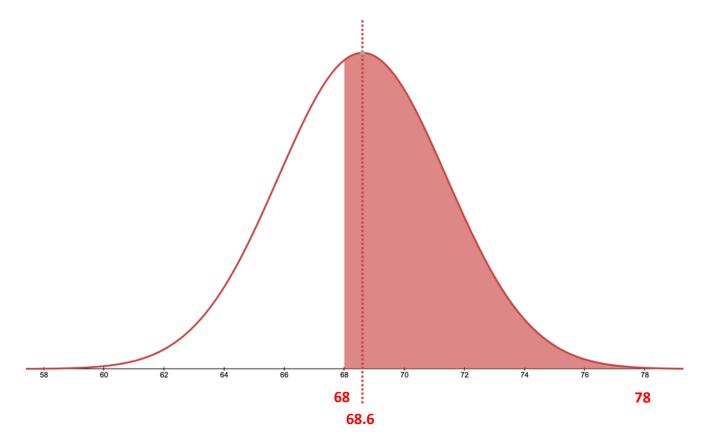
Height of Men

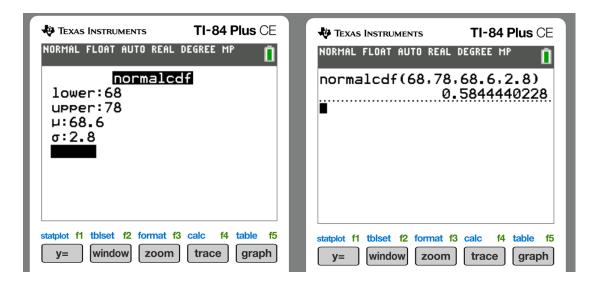
The height of women is normally distributed with a mean of 68.6 inches and a standard deviation of 2.8 inches. If you select a man at random, what's the probability the man will be: **Approximate your answers to the nearest thousandths.**



 $p(x > 72) \approx 0.112$

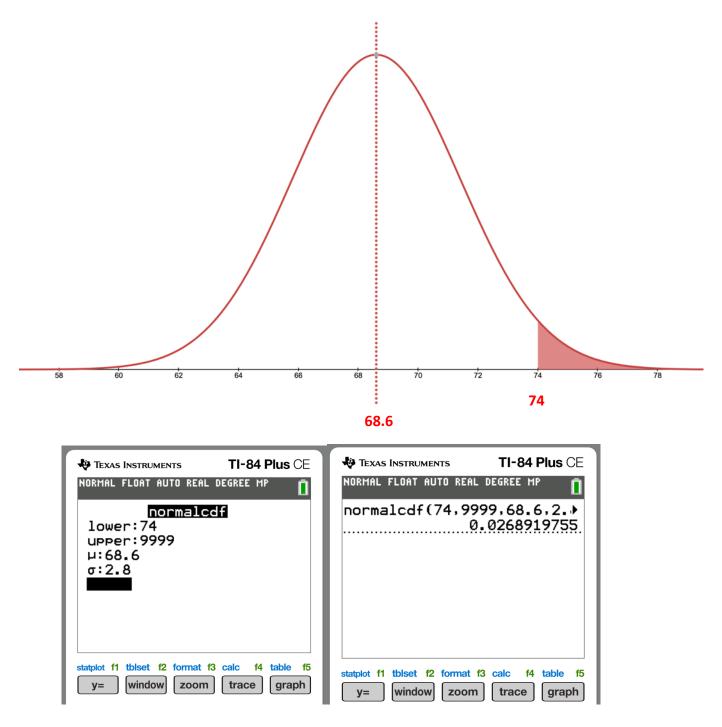






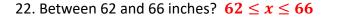
 $p(68 \le x \le 78) \approx 0.584$

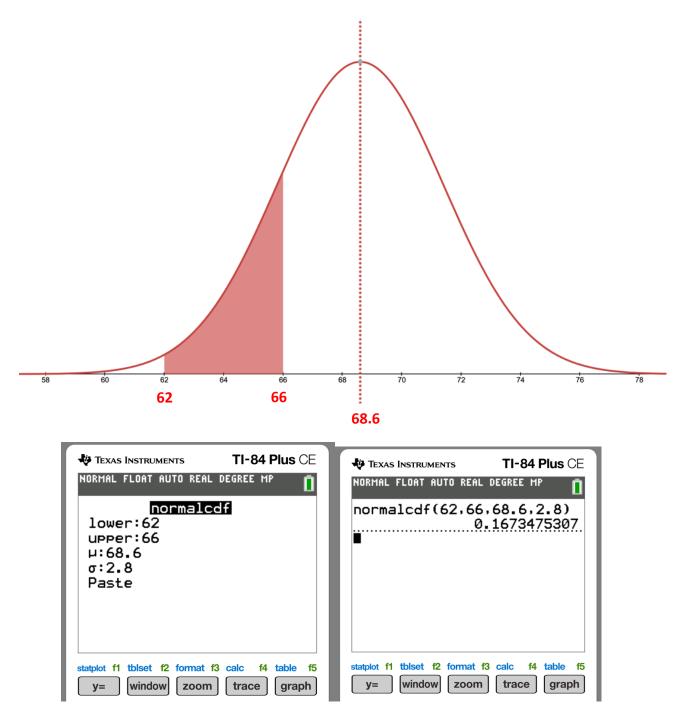
21. At least 74 inches? $x \ge 74$



 $p(x \ge 74) \approx 0.027$

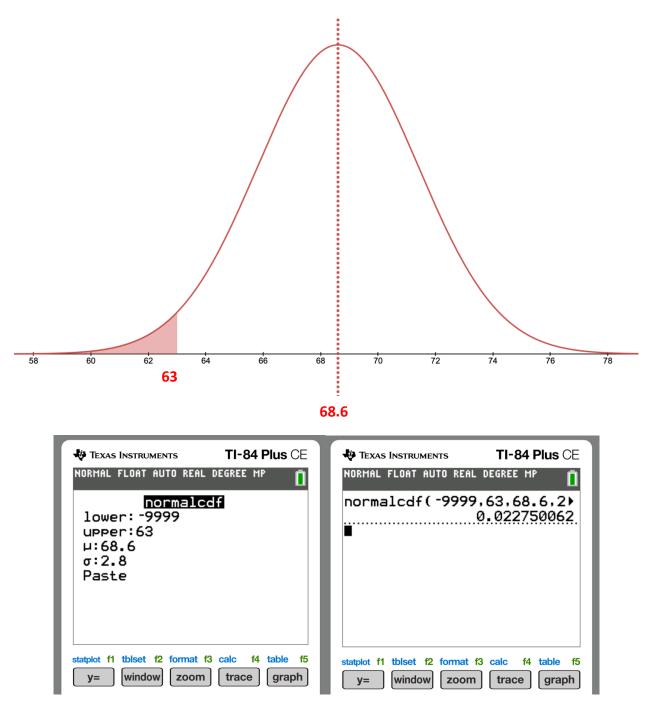
Not Likely





 $p(62 \le x \le 66) \approx 0.167$

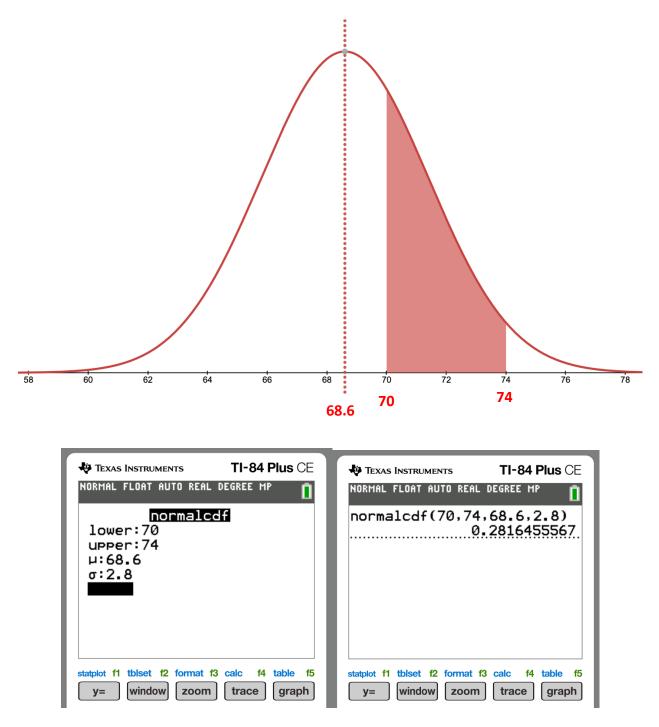
23. Less than 63 inches?



 $p(x < 63) \approx 0.023$

Not Likely

24. Between 70 and 74 inches?

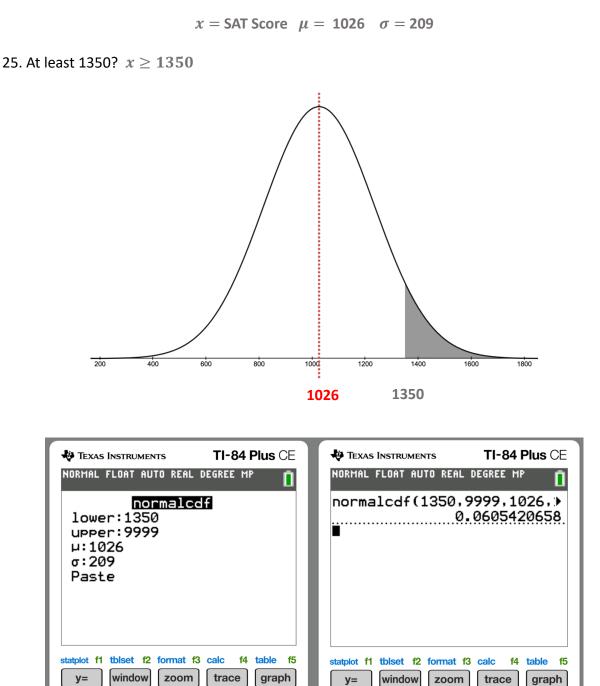


 $p(70 \le x \le 74) \approx 0.282$

SAT Scores (Scholastic Aptitude Test)

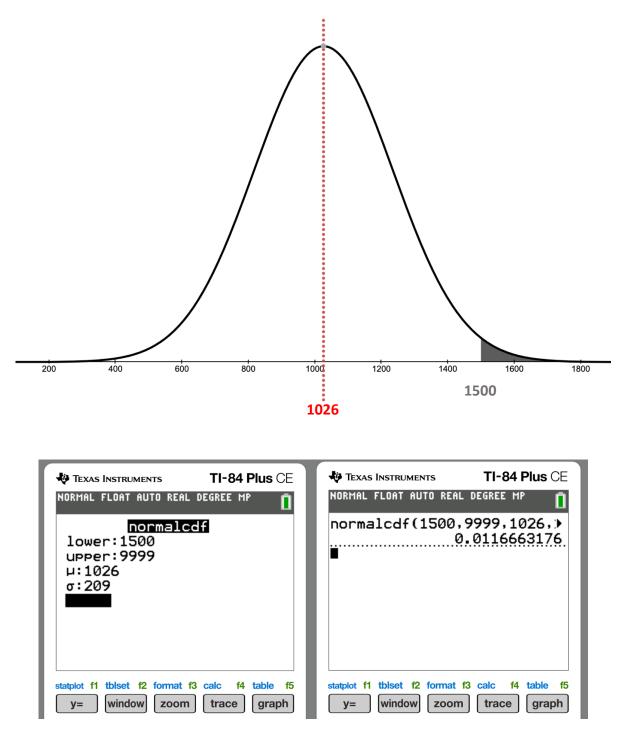
SAT scores are normally distributed with a mean of 1026 and a standard deviation of 209. What **percent** of students who take the SAT will score:

Approximate your answers to the nearest thousandths.



 $p(x \ge 1350) \approx 0.061$

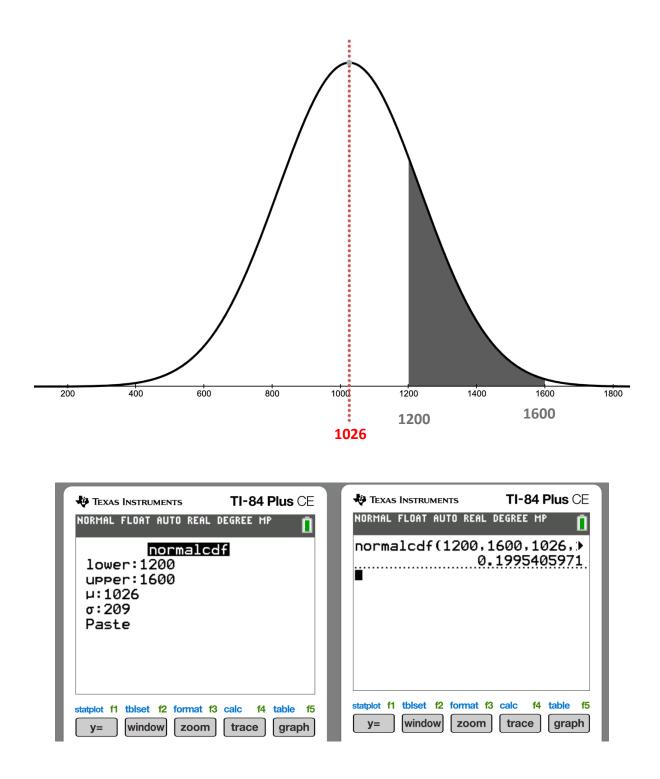
26. More than 1500? *x* > **1500**



 $p(x>1500)\approx 0.012$

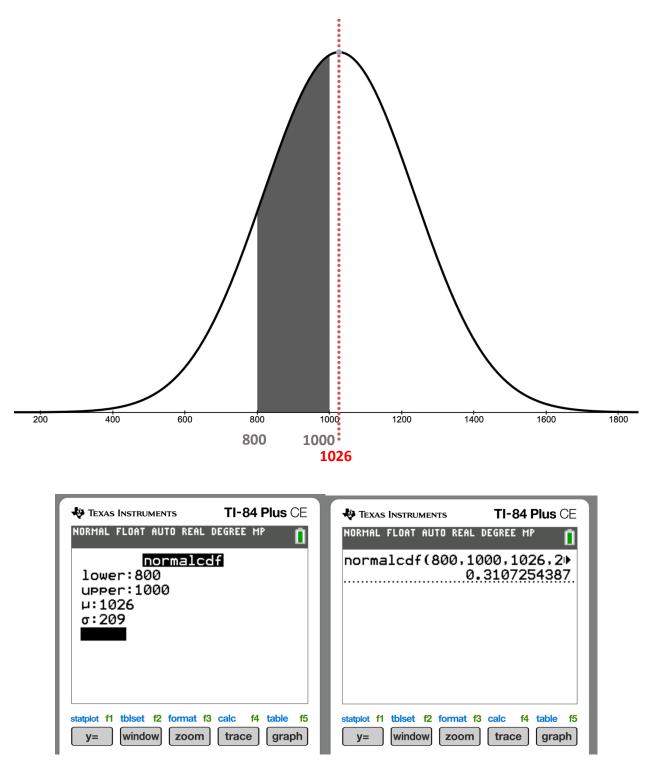
Not Likely

27. Between 1200 and 1600? $1200 \le x \le 1600$

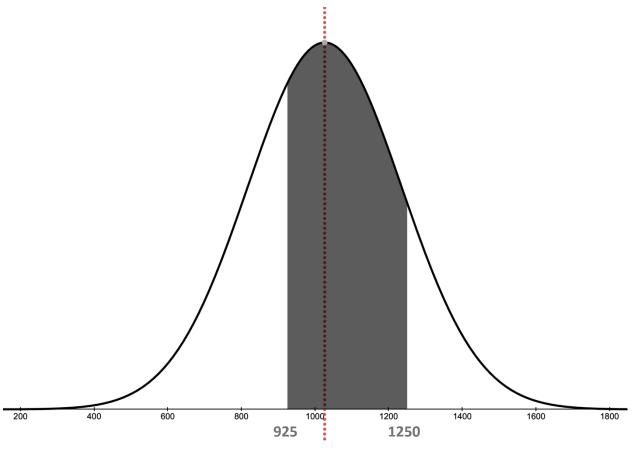


 $p(x > 1500) \approx 0.200$

28. Between 800 and 1000?



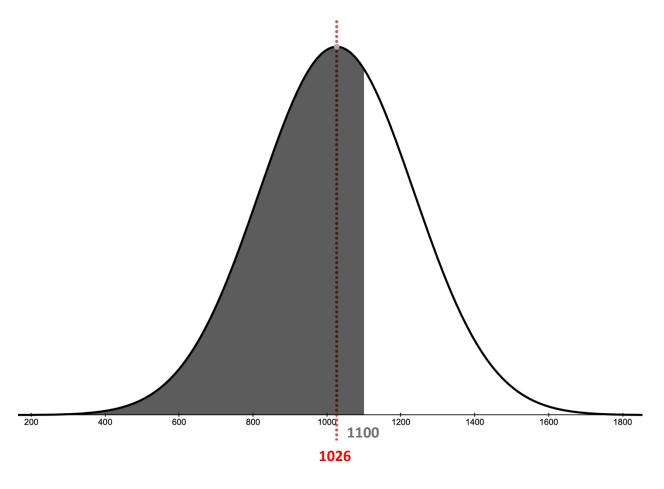
 $p(800 \le x \le 1000) \approx 0.311$



1026

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS TI-84 Plus CE	TEXAS INSTRUMENTS TI-84 Plus CE
NORMAL FLOAT AUTO REAL DEGREE MP	NORMAL FLOAT AUTO REAL DEGREE MP
normalcdf lower:925 upper:1250 μ:1026 σ:209 Paste	normalcdf(925,1250,1026,2) 0.5436305207 ■
statplot f1tblsetf2formatf3calcf4tablef5y=windowzoomtracegraph	statplot f1tblset f2format f3calcf4tablef5y=windowzoomtracegraph

 $p(925 \le x \le 1250) \approx 0.544$



TEXAS INSTRUMENTS TI-84 Plus CE	TI-84 Plus CE
NORMAL FLOAT AUTO REAL DEGREE MP	NORMAL FLOAT AUTO REAL DEGREE MP
normalcdf lower:-999 upper:1100 µ:1026 σ:209 Paste	normalcdf(-999,1100,1026,≯ 0.6383555986 ■
statplotf1tblsetf2formatf3calcf4tablef5y=windowzoomtracegraph	statplotf1tblsetf2formatf3calcf4tablef5y=windowzoomtracegraph

 $p(x < 1100) \approx 0.638$