

Graphing Tangent and Cotangent

$$y = \tan[kx]$$
$$k > 0$$

$$\text{Period } p = \frac{\pi}{k}$$

$$\text{Interval of One Cycle} = \left(-\frac{\pi}{2k}, \frac{\pi}{2k}\right)$$

$$\text{Vertical Asymptotes } x = -\frac{\pi}{2k} \text{ and } x = \frac{\pi}{2k}$$

$$y = \cot[kx]$$
$$k > 0$$

$$\text{Period } p = \frac{\pi}{k}$$

$$\text{Interval of One Cycle} = \left(0, \frac{\pi}{k}\right)$$

$$\text{Vertical Asymptotes } x = 0 \text{ and } x = \frac{\pi}{k}$$

Determine the period, interval of one cycle, x-intercept, vertical asymptotes, and use the information to sketch the curve.

1. $y = \tan(2x)$

2. $y = \tan(4x)$

3. $y = \frac{1}{4}\tan\left(\frac{x}{3}\right)$

4. $y = \tan\left(\frac{x}{4}\right)$

5. $y = \frac{2}{3}\cot\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)$

6. $y = \cot\left(\frac{1}{3}x\right)$

7. $y = -\cot(2x)$

8. $y = -\cot(3x)$

9. $y = -4\tan(\pi x)$

10. $y = 3\tan(2\pi x)$

11. $y = 2\cot(3\pi x)$

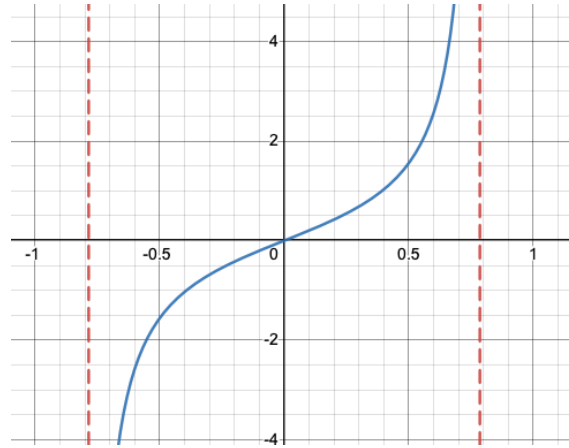
12. $y = \frac{3}{2}\cot(4\pi x)$

13. $y = 3\tan\left(-\frac{x}{4}\right)$

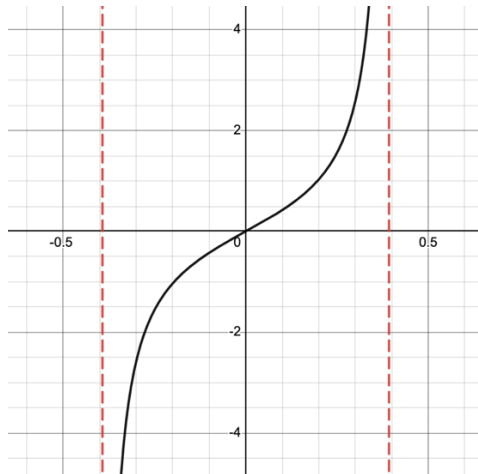
14. $y = 2\tan\left(-\frac{x}{6}\right)$

Answers

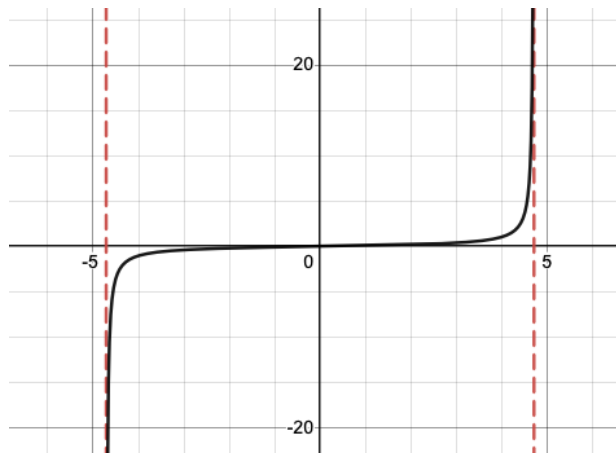
1. $P = \frac{\pi}{2}$, $Interval = (-\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{4})$, VA: $x = -\frac{\pi}{4}$ and $x = \frac{\pi}{4}$, x-intercept: $x = 0$



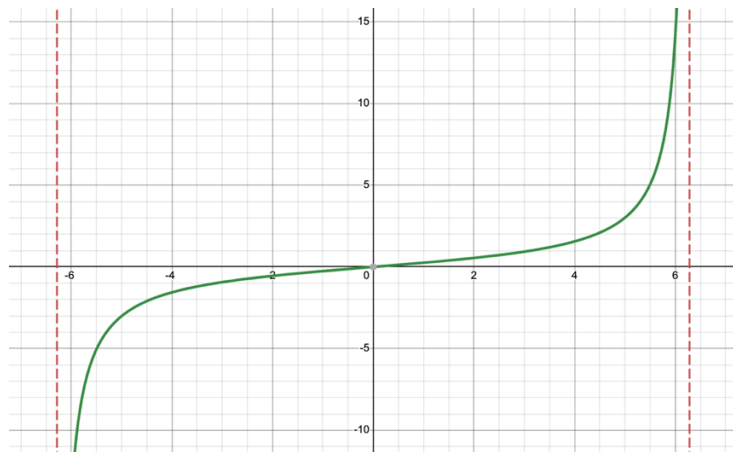
2. Period = $\frac{\pi}{4}$, $Interval = (-\frac{\pi}{8}, \frac{\pi}{8})$, VA: $x = -\frac{\pi}{8}$, $x = \frac{\pi}{8}$, x-int: $x = 0$



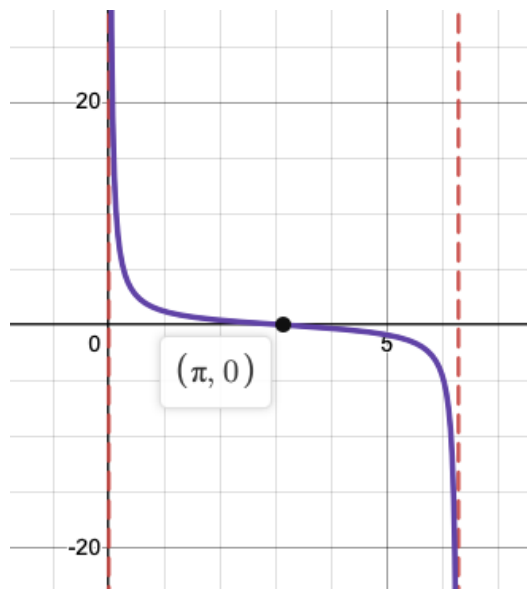
3. $P = 3\pi$, $Interval = (-\frac{3\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{2})$, VA: $x = -\frac{3\pi}{2}$ and $x = \frac{3\pi}{2}$, x-intercept: $x = 0$



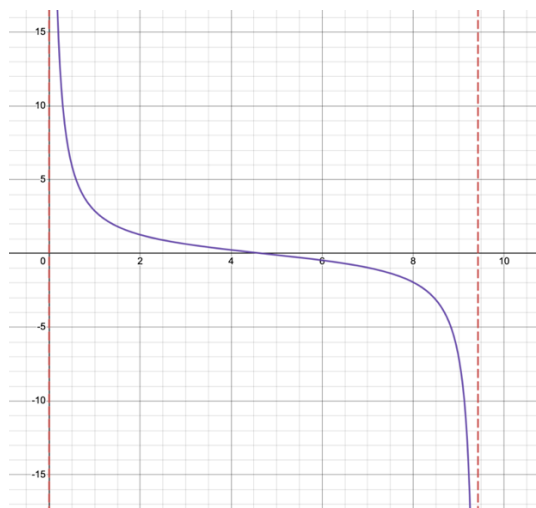
4. Period= 4π , Interval= $(-2\pi, 2\pi)$, VA: $x = -2\pi, x = 2\pi$, x-int: $x = 0$



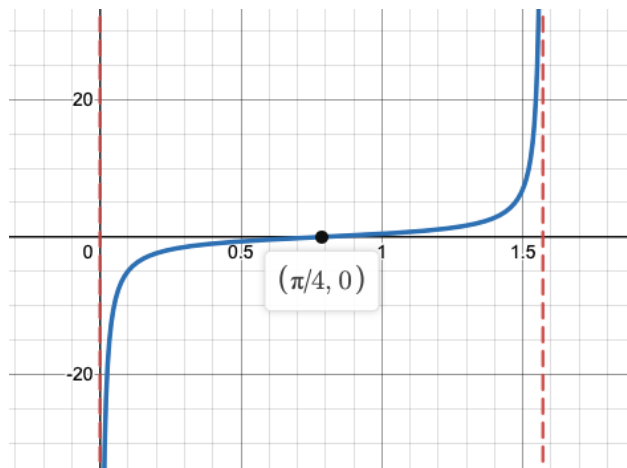
5. $P = 2\pi$, $Interval = (0, 2\pi)$, VA: $x = 0$ and $x = 2\pi$, x-intercept: $x = \pi$



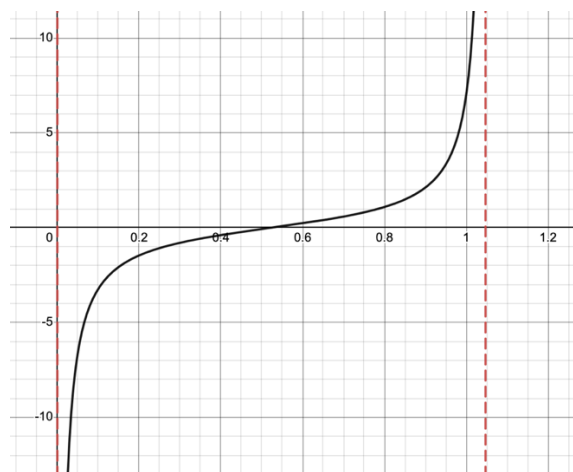
6. Period= 3π , Interval= $(0, 3\pi)$, VA: $x = 0, x = 3\pi$, x-int: $x = \frac{3\pi}{2}$



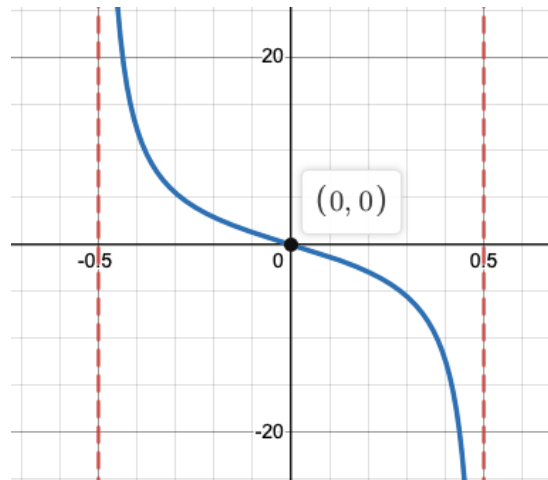
7. $P = \frac{\pi}{2}$, $Interval = (0, \frac{\pi}{2})$, VA: $x = 0$ and $x = \frac{\pi}{2}$, x-intercept: $x = \frac{\pi}{4}$



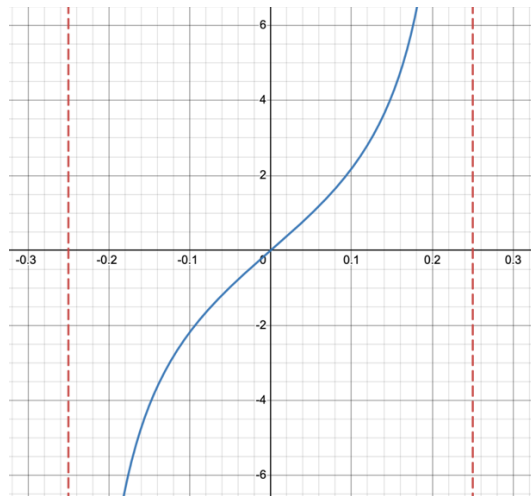
8. Period = $\frac{\pi}{3}$, Interval = $(0, \frac{\pi}{3})$, VA: $x = 0, x = \frac{\pi}{3}$, x-int: $x = \frac{\pi}{6}$



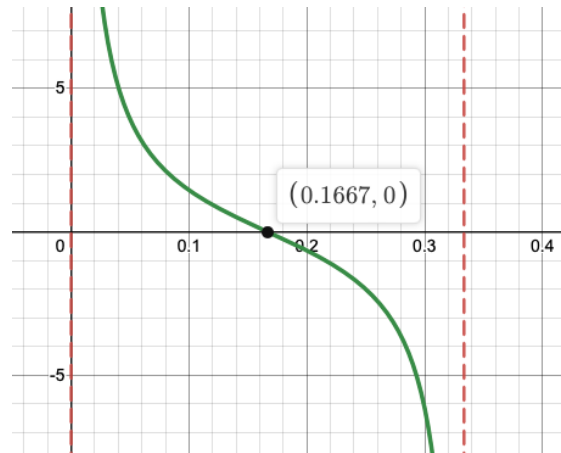
9. $P = 1$, $Interval = (-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2})$, VA: $x = -\frac{1}{2}$ and $x = \frac{1}{2}$, x-intercept: $x = 0$



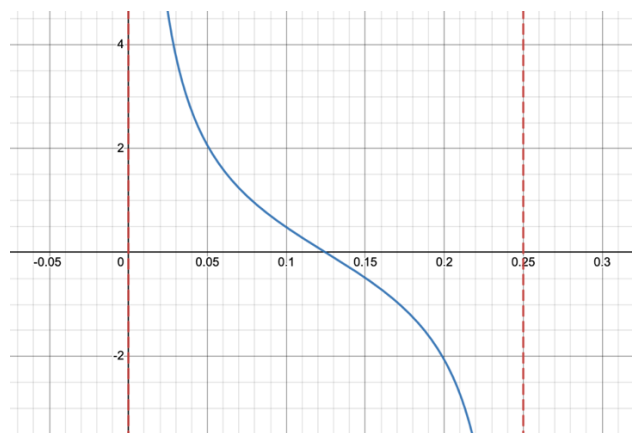
10. $Period = \frac{1}{2}$, $Interval = (-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4})$, VA: $x = -\frac{1}{4}$, $x = \frac{1}{4}$, x-int: $x = 0$



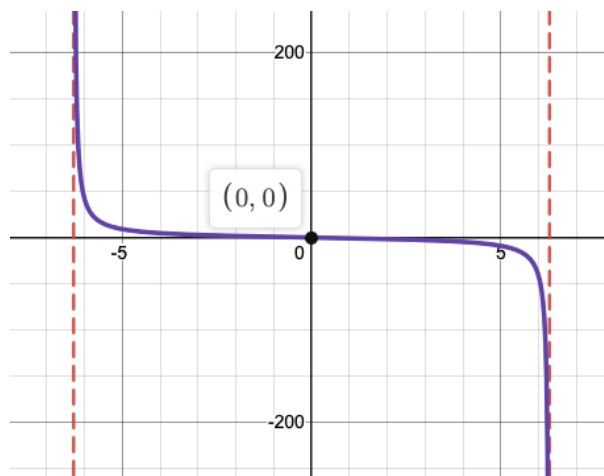
11. $P = \frac{1}{3}$, $Interval = (0, \frac{1}{3})$, VA: $x = 0$ and $x = \frac{1}{3}$, x-intercept: $x = \frac{1}{6}$



12. $Period = \frac{1}{4}$, $Interval = (0, \frac{1}{4})$, VA: $x = 0, x = \frac{1}{4}$, x-int: $x = \frac{1}{8}$



13. $P = 4\pi$, $Interval = (-2\pi, 2\pi)$, VA: $x = -2\pi$ and $x = 2\pi$, x-intercept: $x = 0$



14. Period= 6π , $Interval = (-3\pi, 3\pi)$, VA: $x = -3\pi, x = 3\pi$, x-int: $x = 0$

