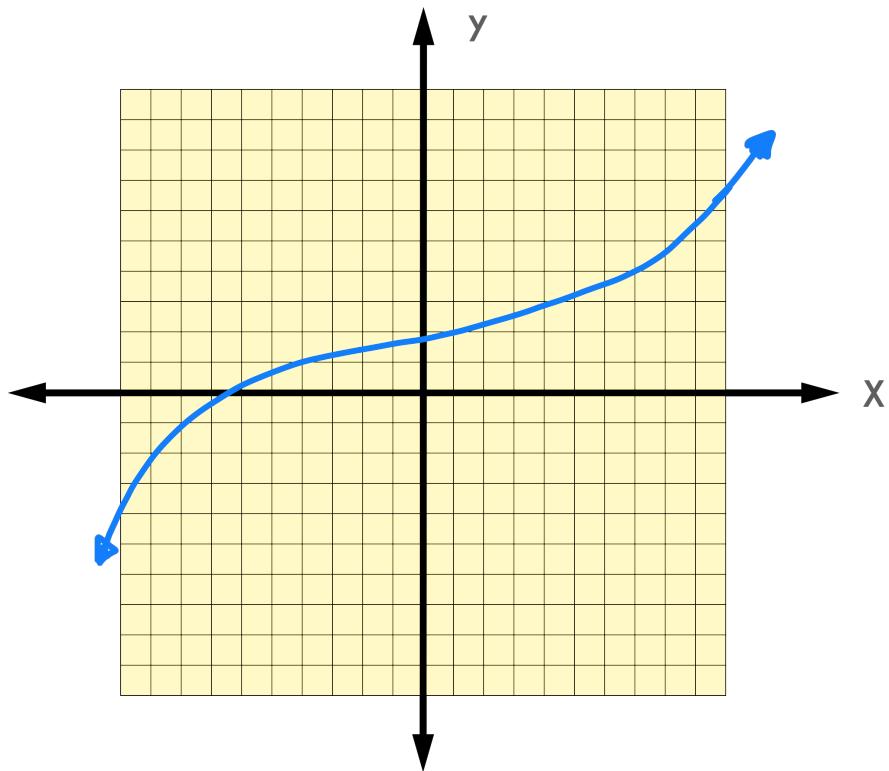


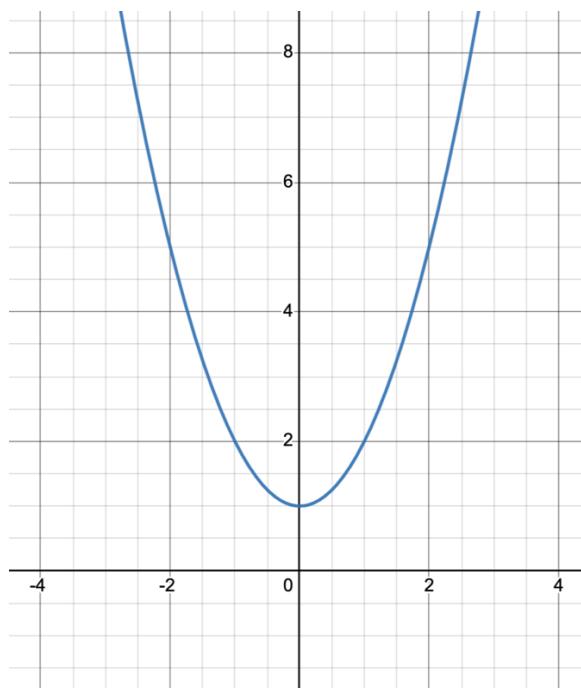
## General Limit Notes

Continuous Functions

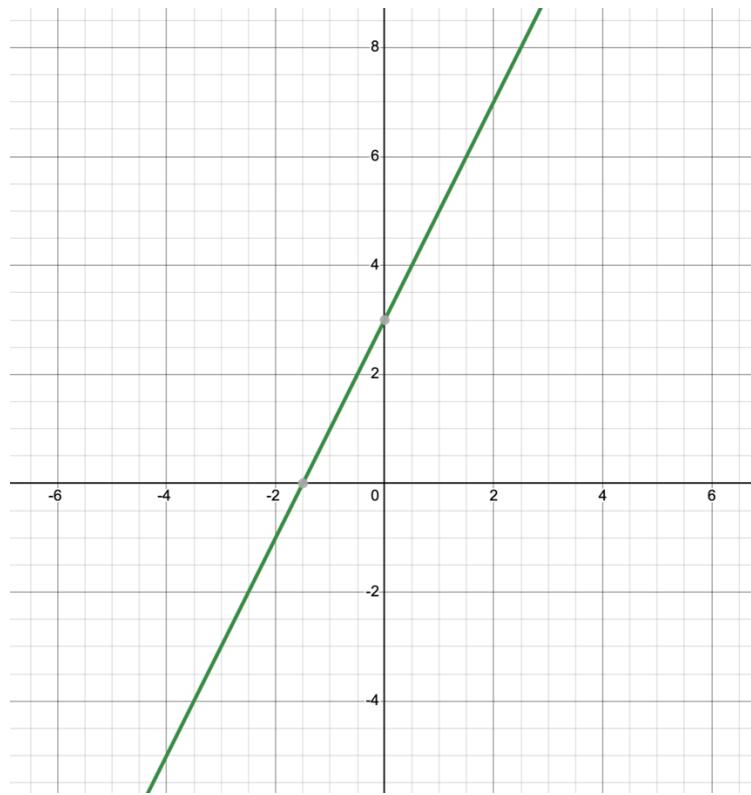


$$\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) = f(a)$$

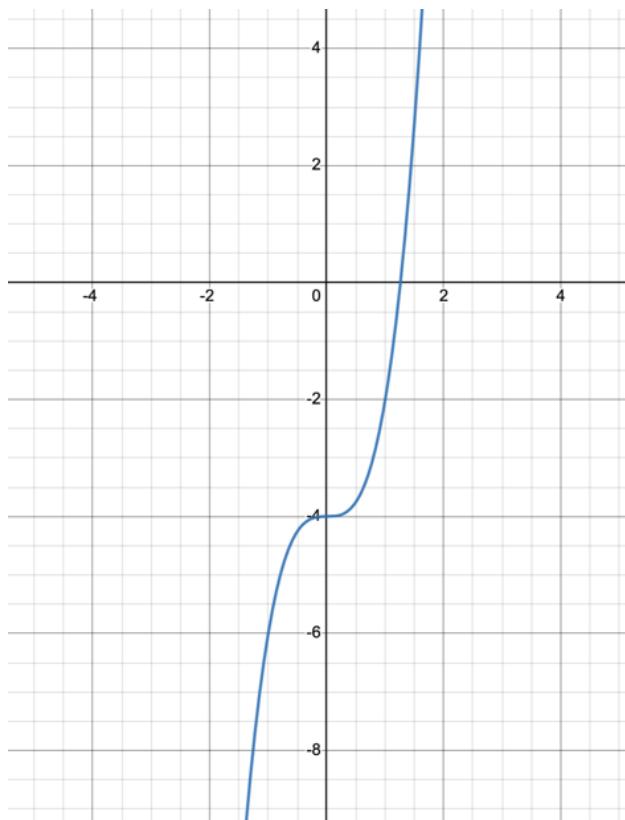
$$f(x) = x^2 + 1$$



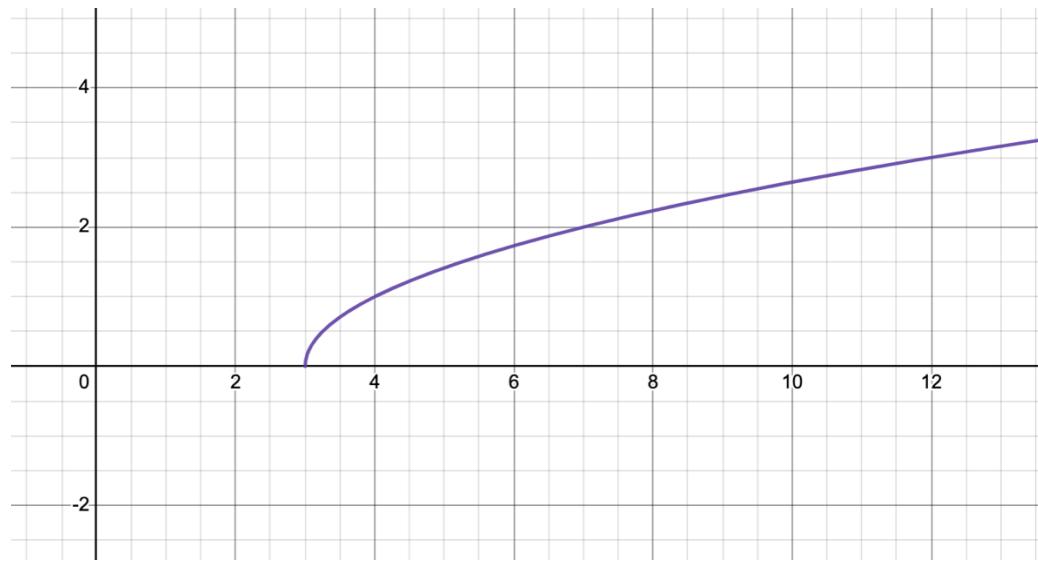
$$f(x) = 2x + 3$$



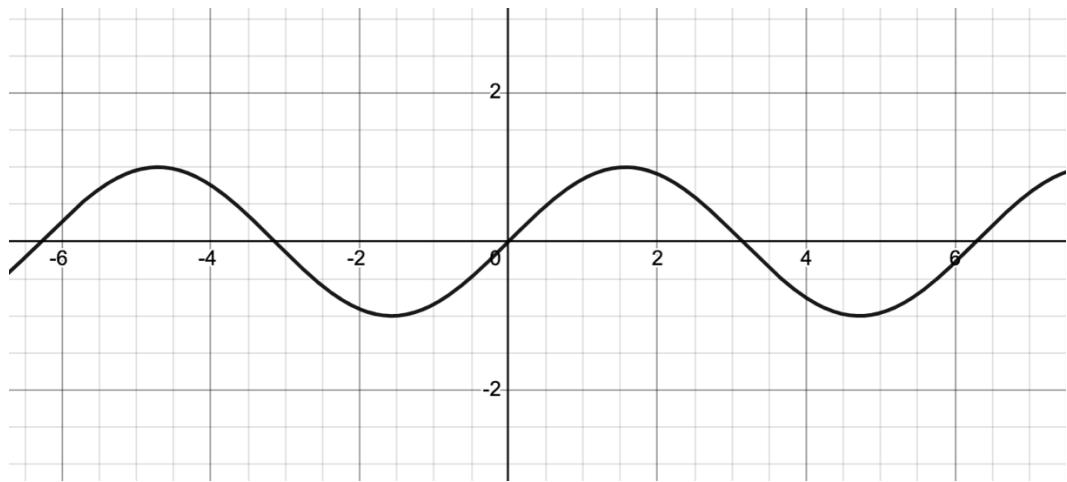
$$f(x) = 2x^3 - 4$$



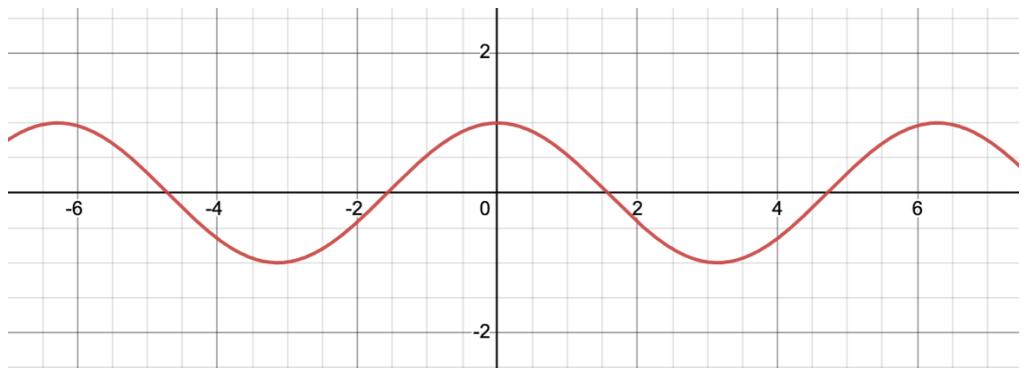
$$f(x) = \sqrt{x - 3}$$



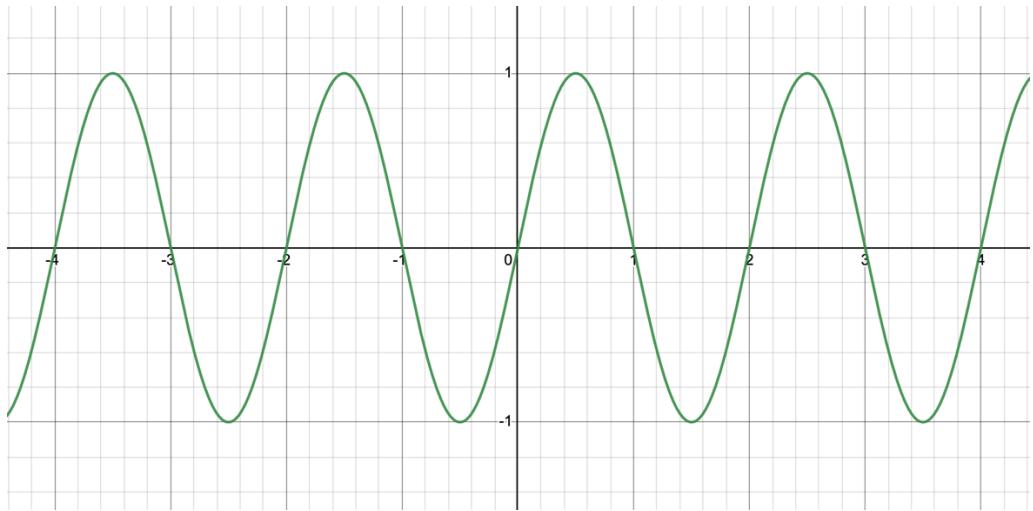
$$f(x) = \sin(x)$$



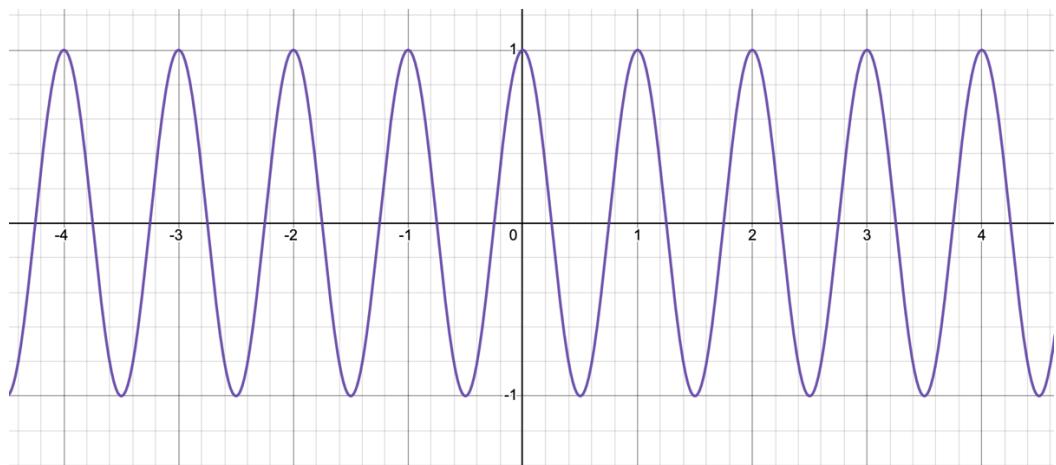
$$f(x) = \cos(x)$$



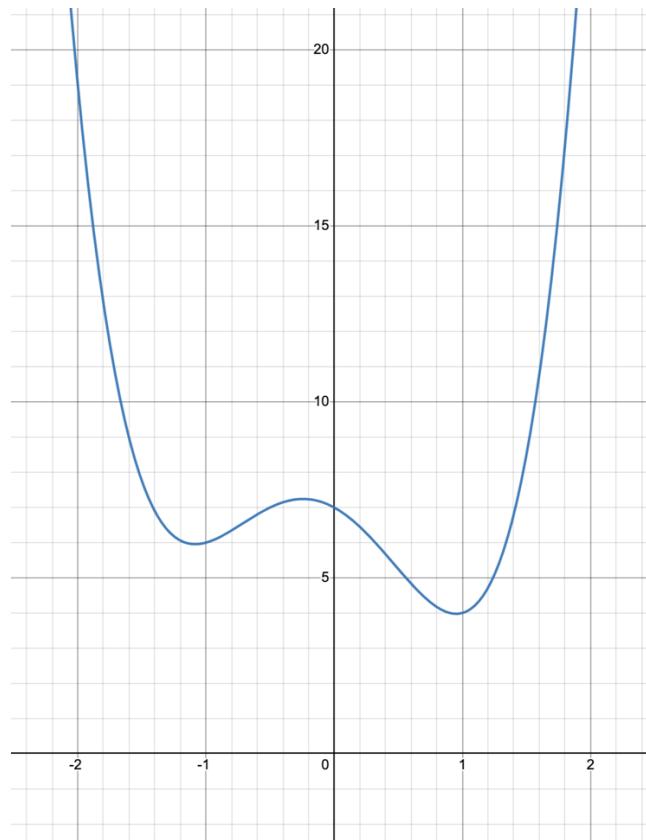
$$f(x) = \sin(\pi x)$$



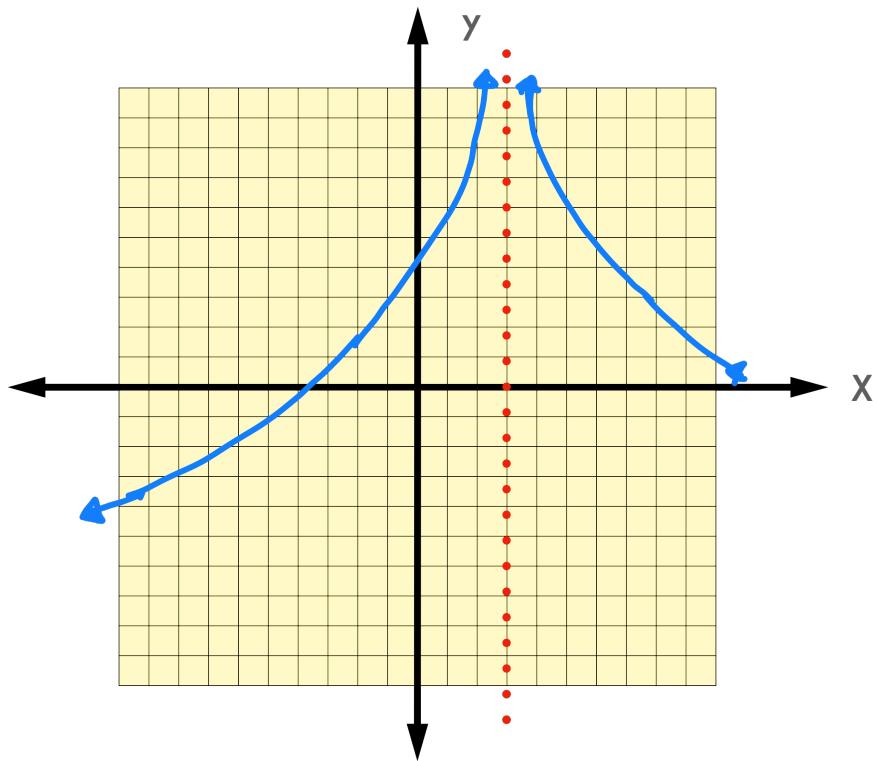
$$f(x) = \cos(2\pi x)$$



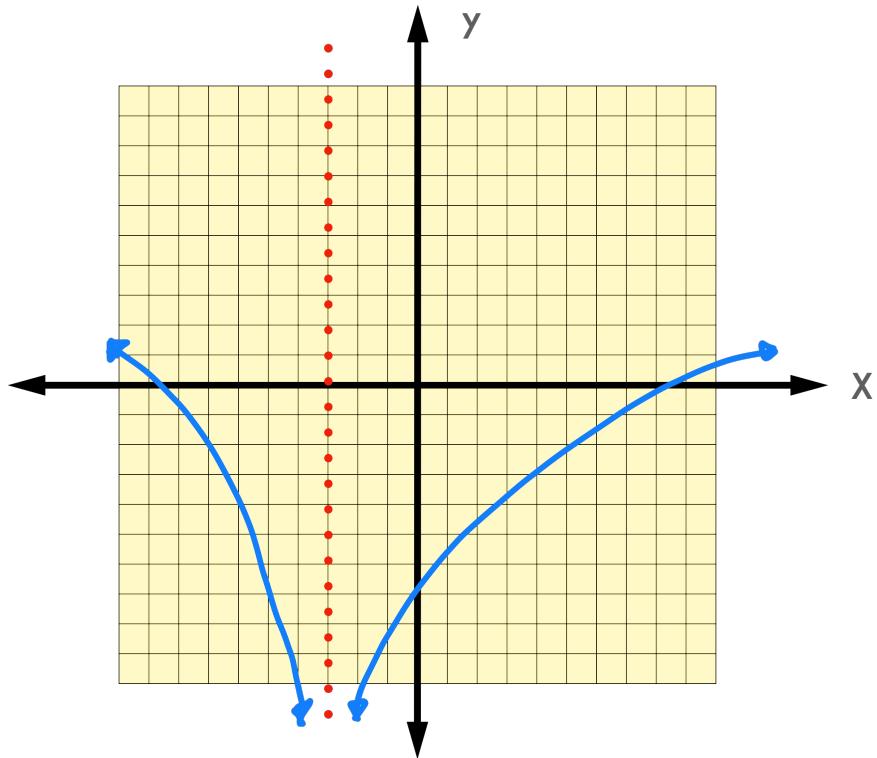
$$f(x) = 2x^4 + x^3 - 4x^2 - 2x + 7$$



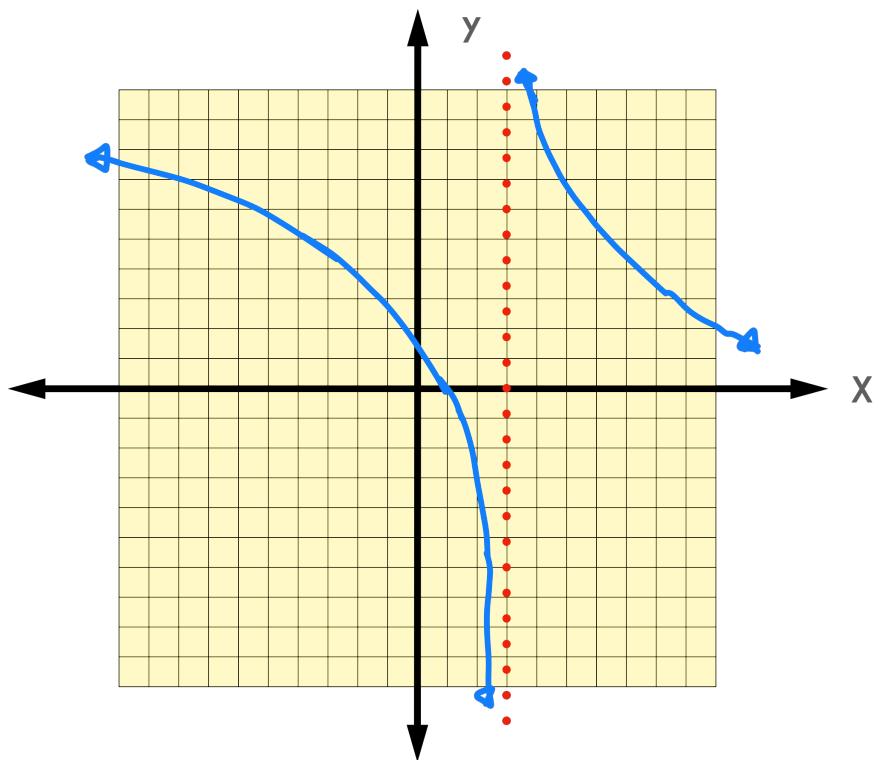
## Functions with Vertical Asymptotes



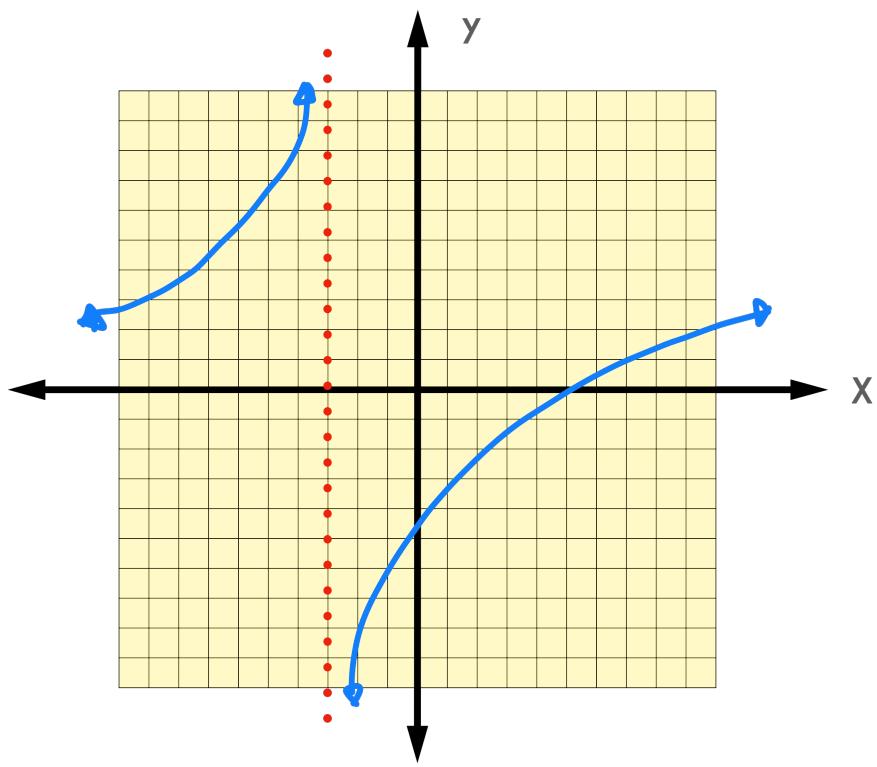
$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} f(x) = \infty \text{ and } f(3) = \text{undefined}$$



$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -3} f(x) = -\infty \text{ and } f(-3) = \text{undefined}$$

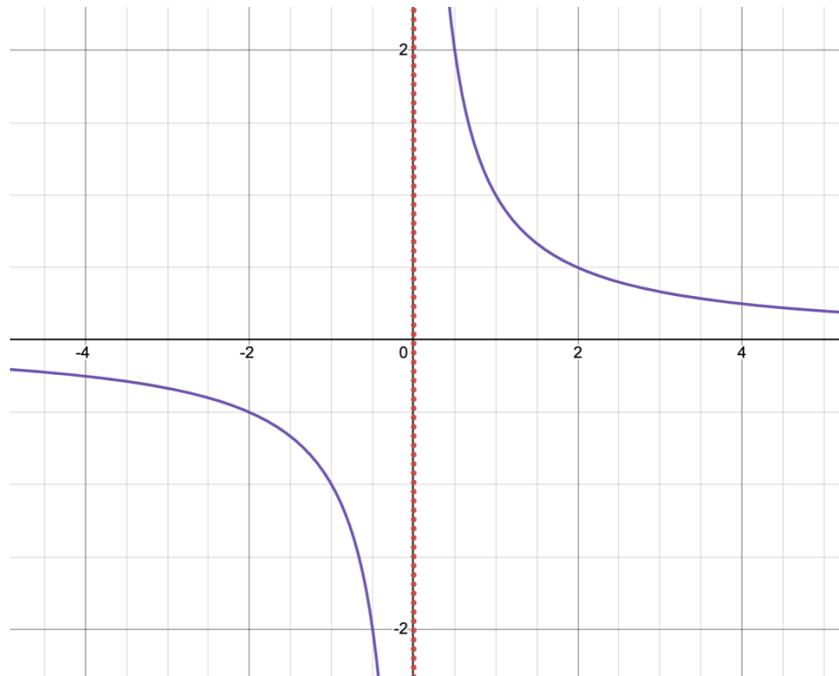


$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} f(x) = \text{DNE and } f(3) = \text{undefined}$$

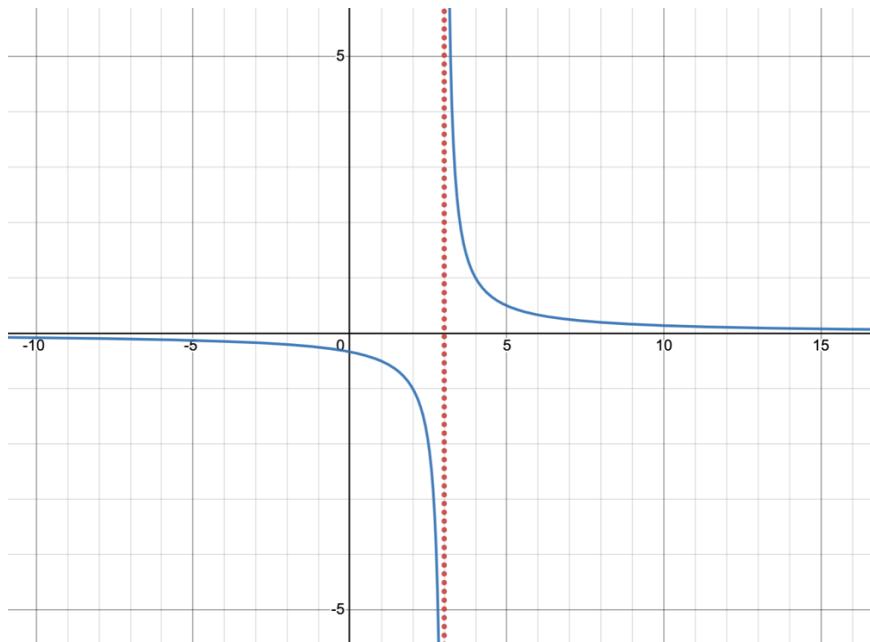


$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -3} f(x) = \text{DNE and } f(-3) = \text{undefined}$$

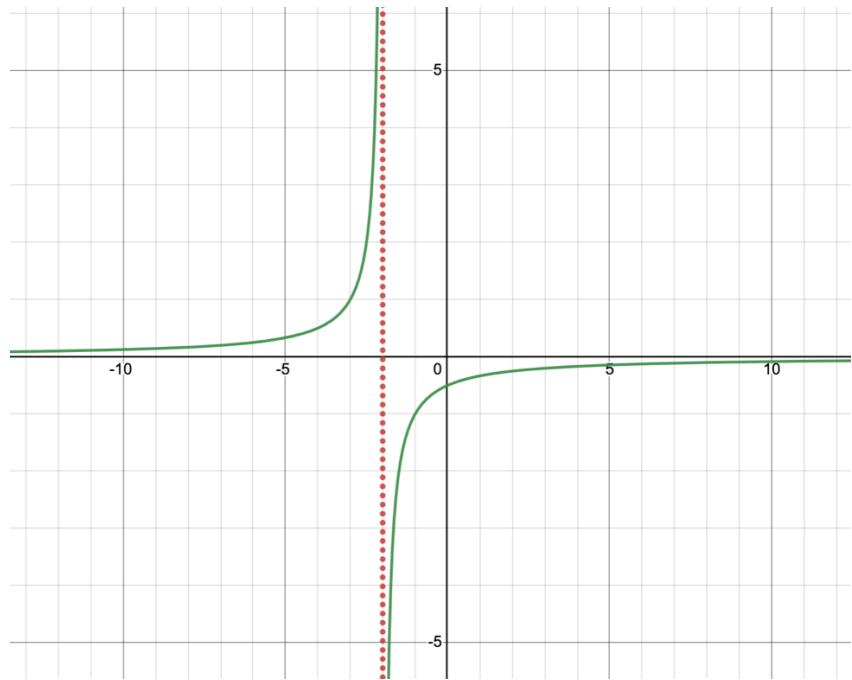
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$$



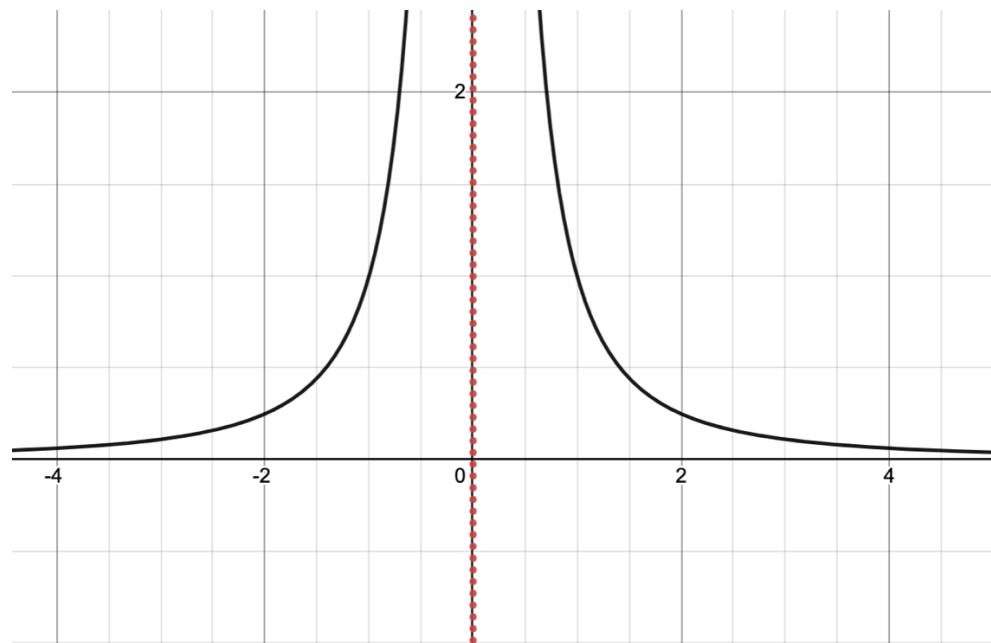
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x-3}$$



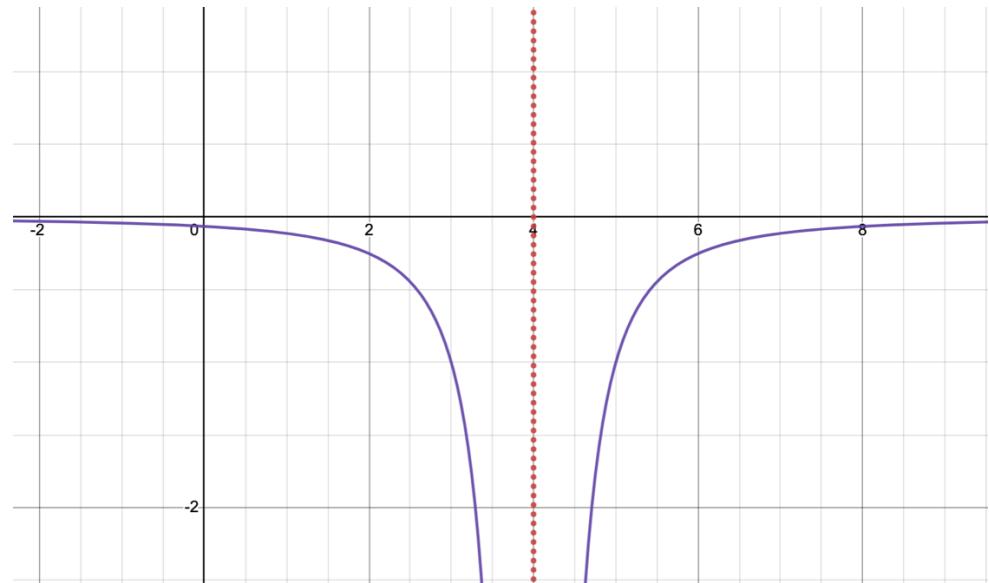
$$f(x) = -\frac{1}{x+2}$$



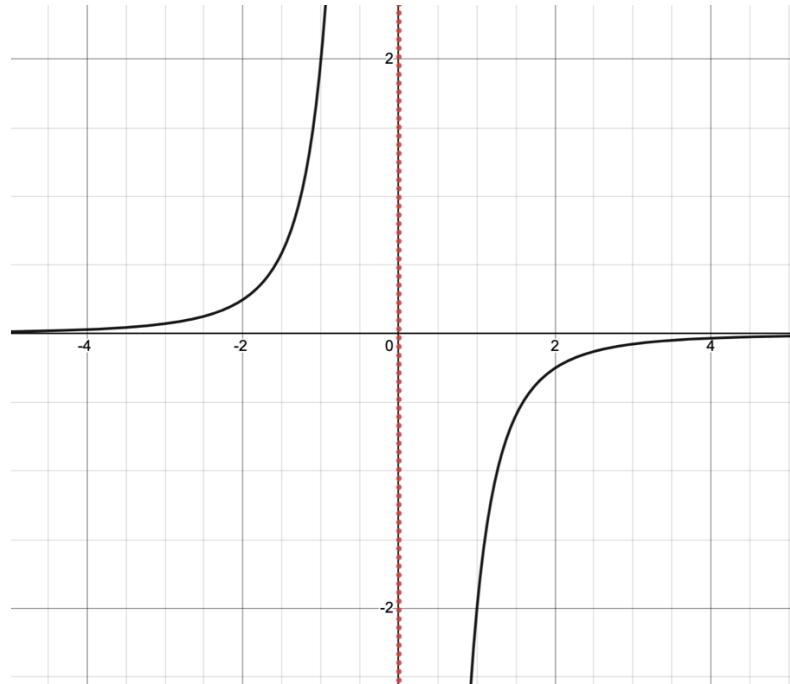
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2}$$



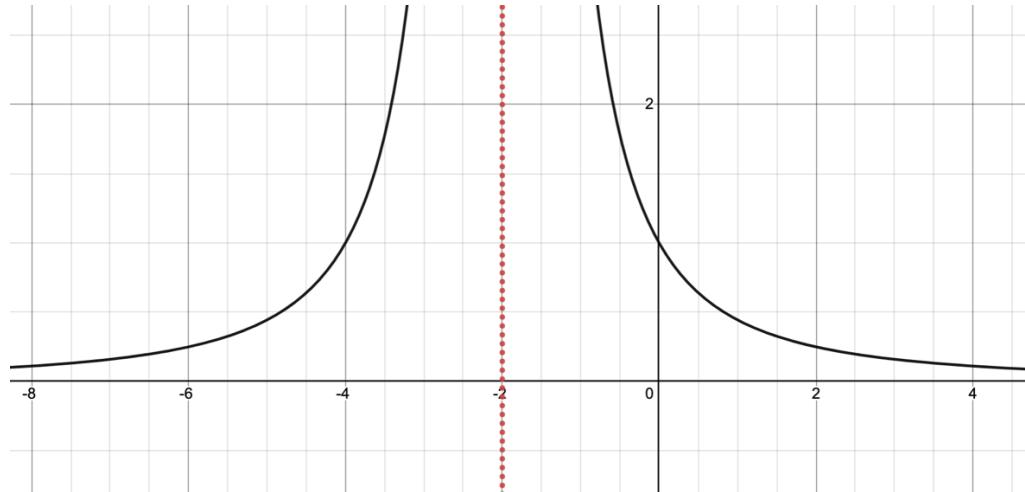
$$f(x) = -\frac{1}{(x-4)^2}$$



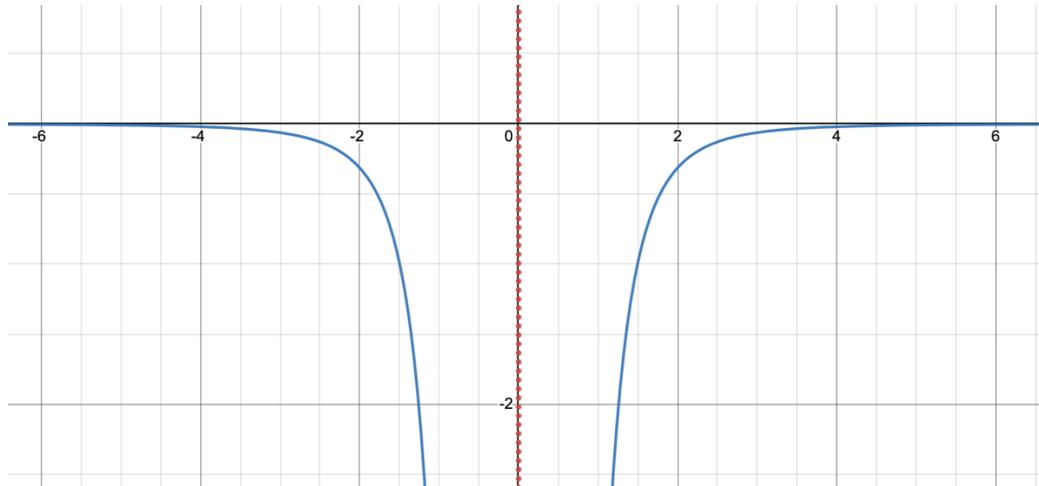
$$f(x) = -\frac{2}{x^3}$$



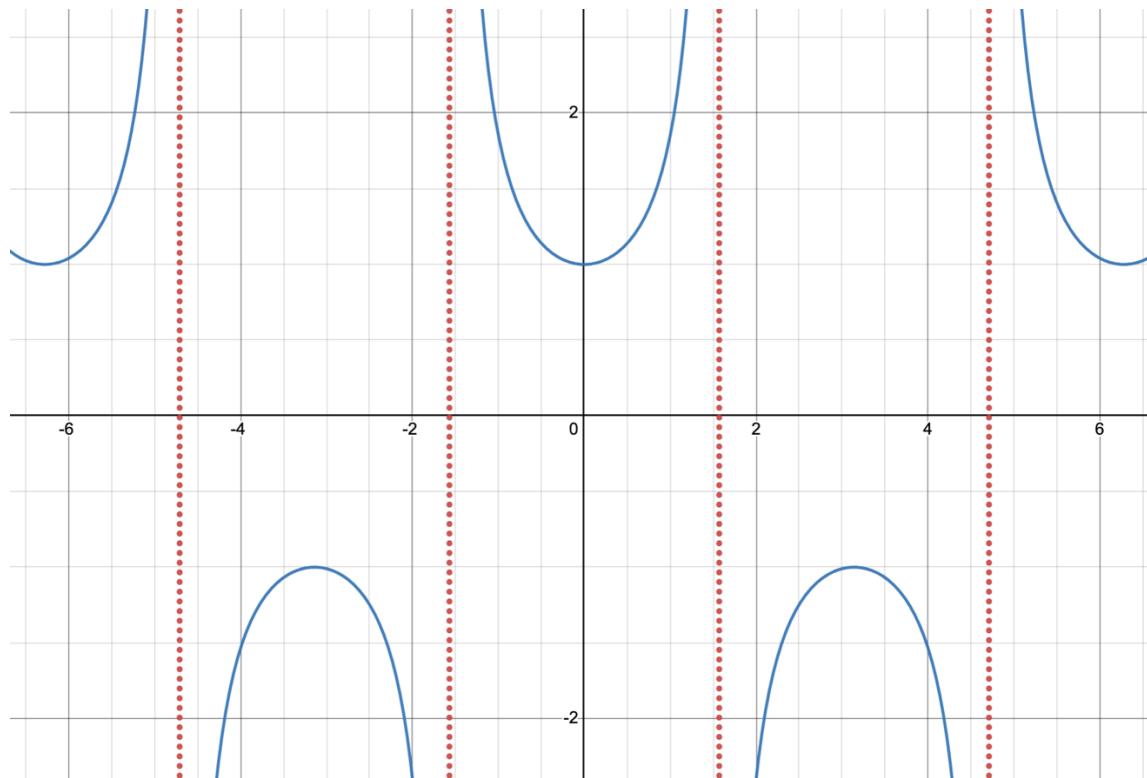
$$f(x) = \frac{4}{(x+2)^2}$$



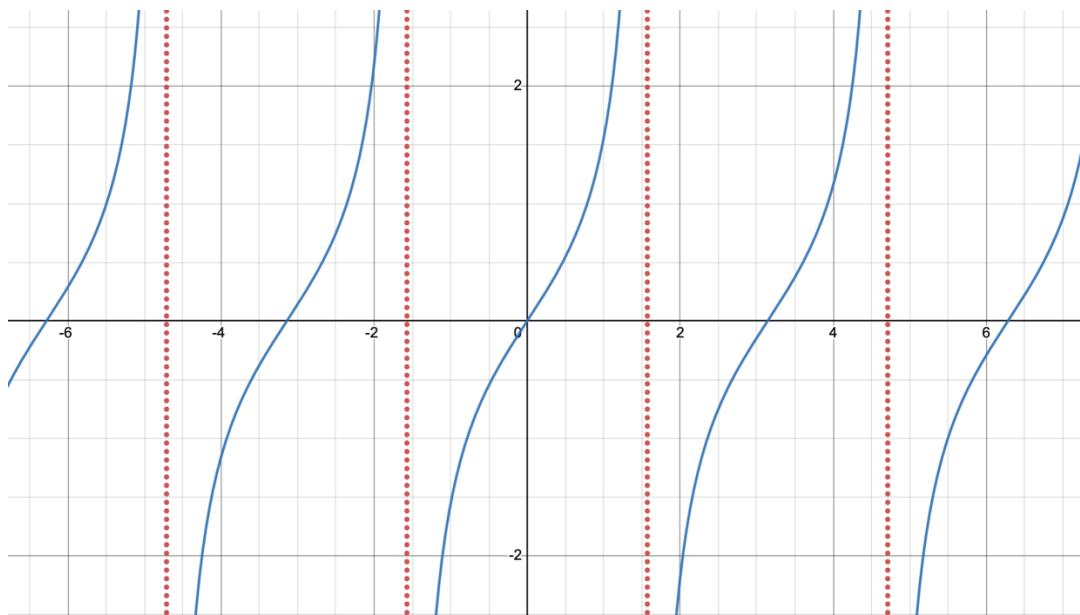
$$f(x) = -\frac{5}{x^4}$$



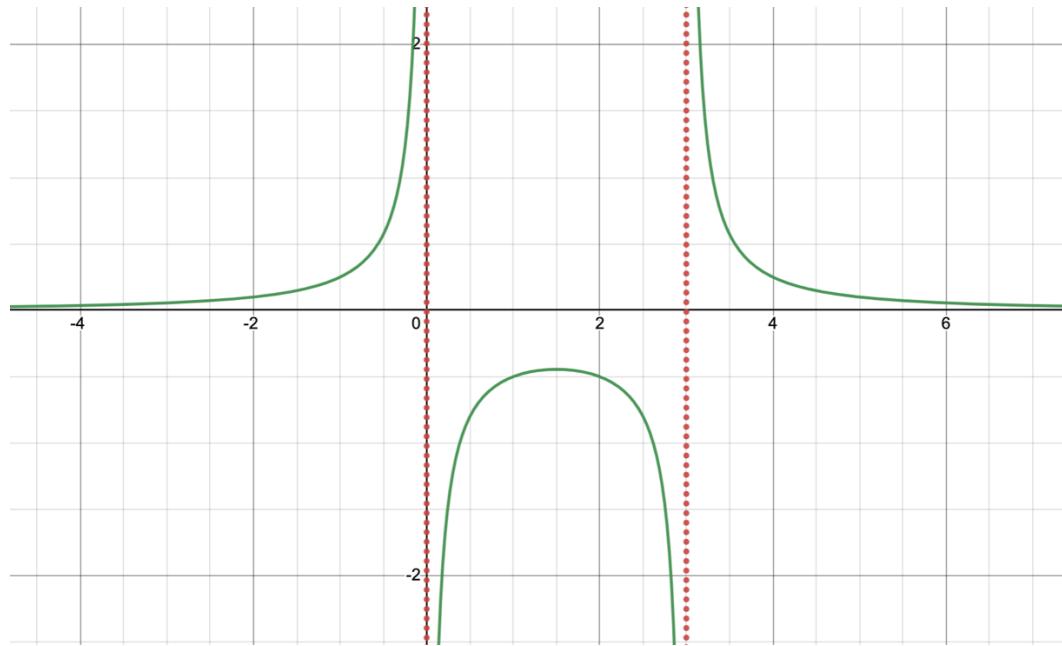
$$f(x) = \sec(x)$$



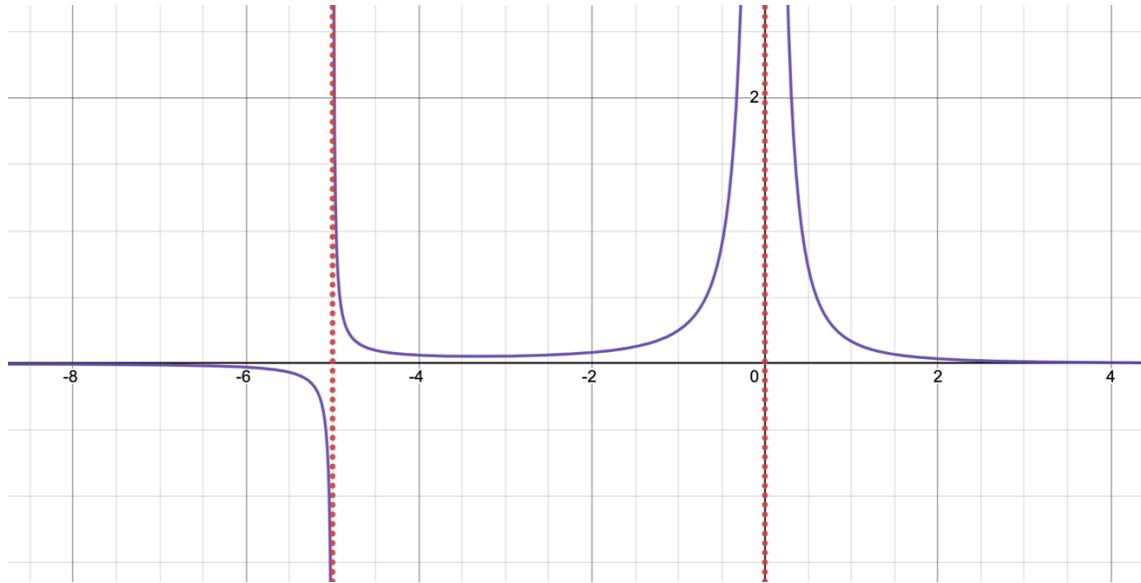
$$f(x) = \tan(x)$$



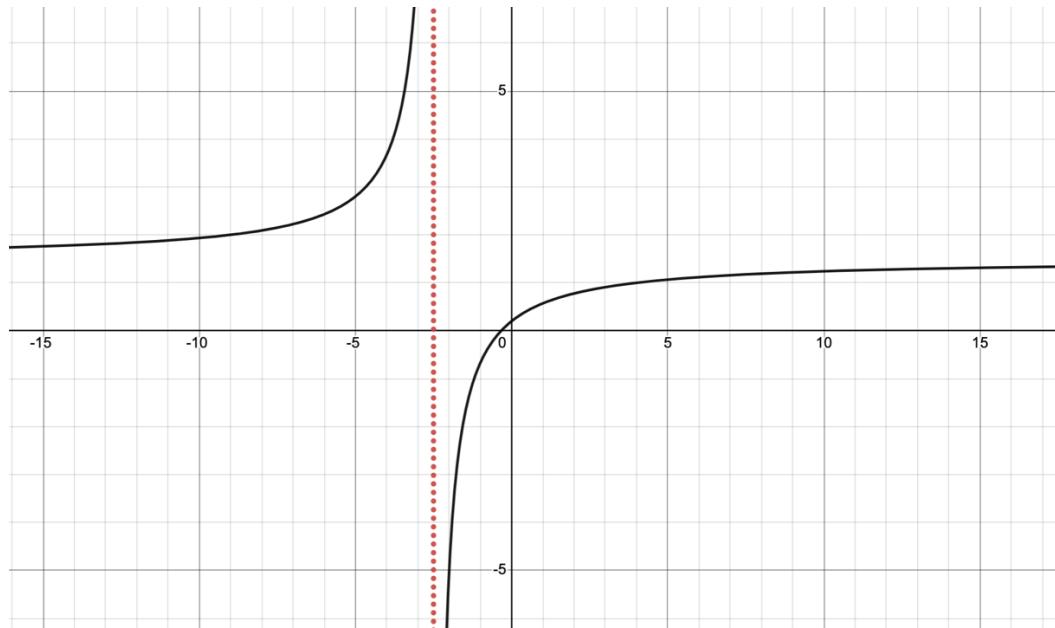
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x(x-3)}$$



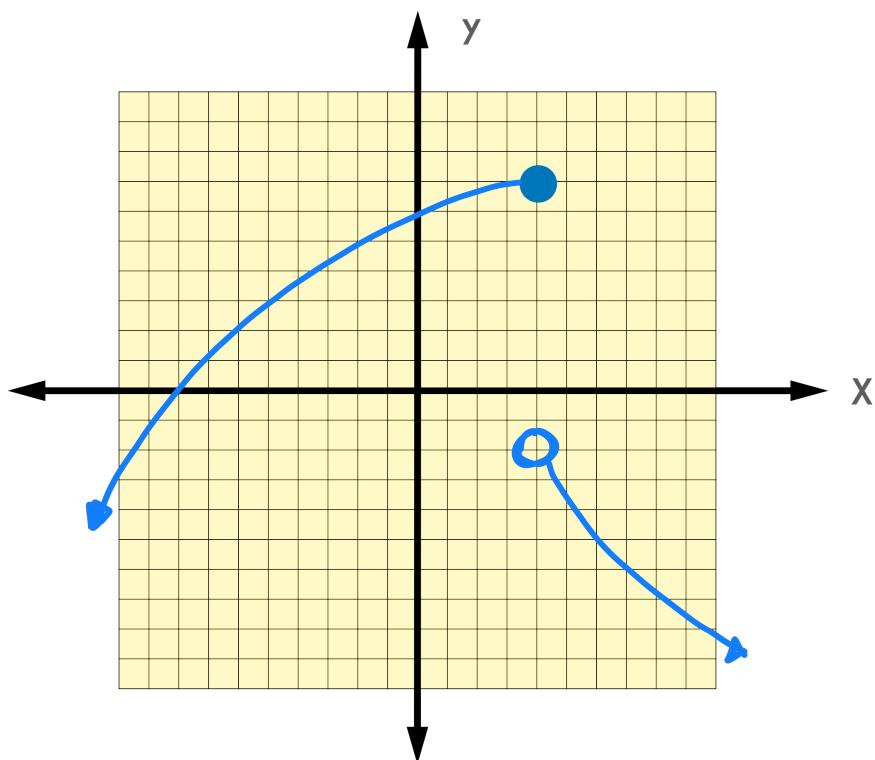
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2(x+5)}$$



$$f(x) = \frac{3x + 1}{2x + 5}$$

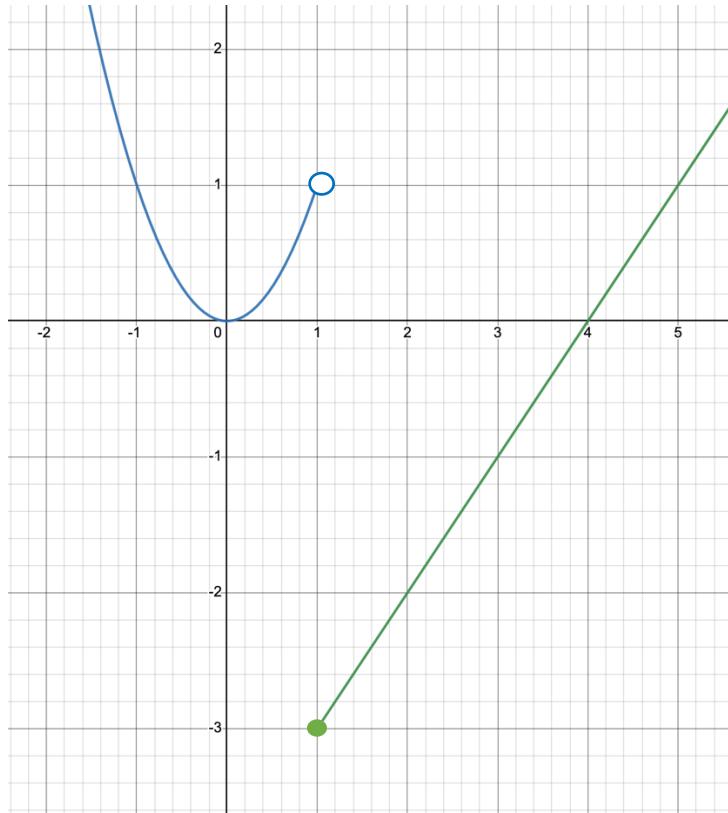


## Piecewise Functions

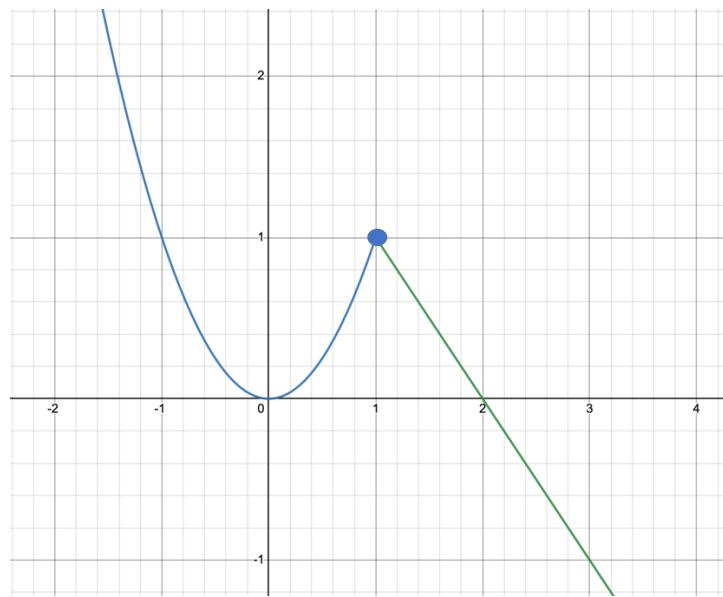


$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} f(x) = \text{DNE and } f(4) = 7$$

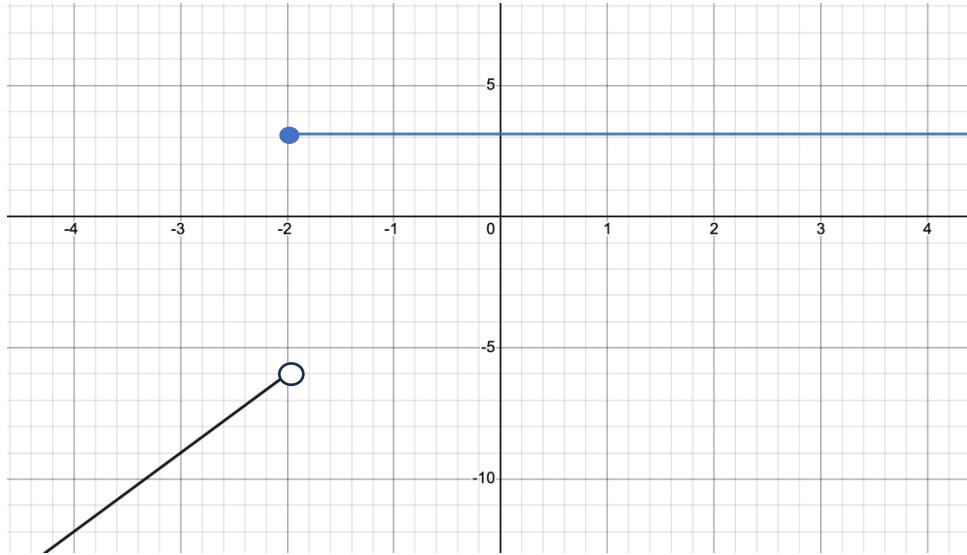
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 & \text{for } x < 1 \\ x - 4 & \text{for } x \geq 1 \end{cases}$$



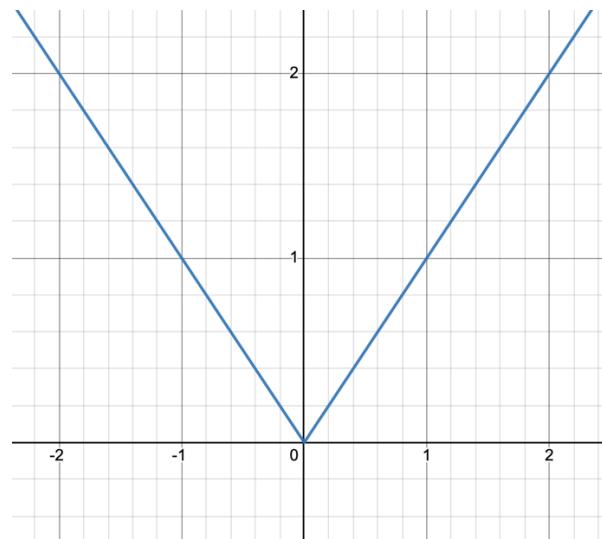
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 & \text{for } x \leq 1 \\ 2 - x & \text{for } x > 1 \end{cases}$$



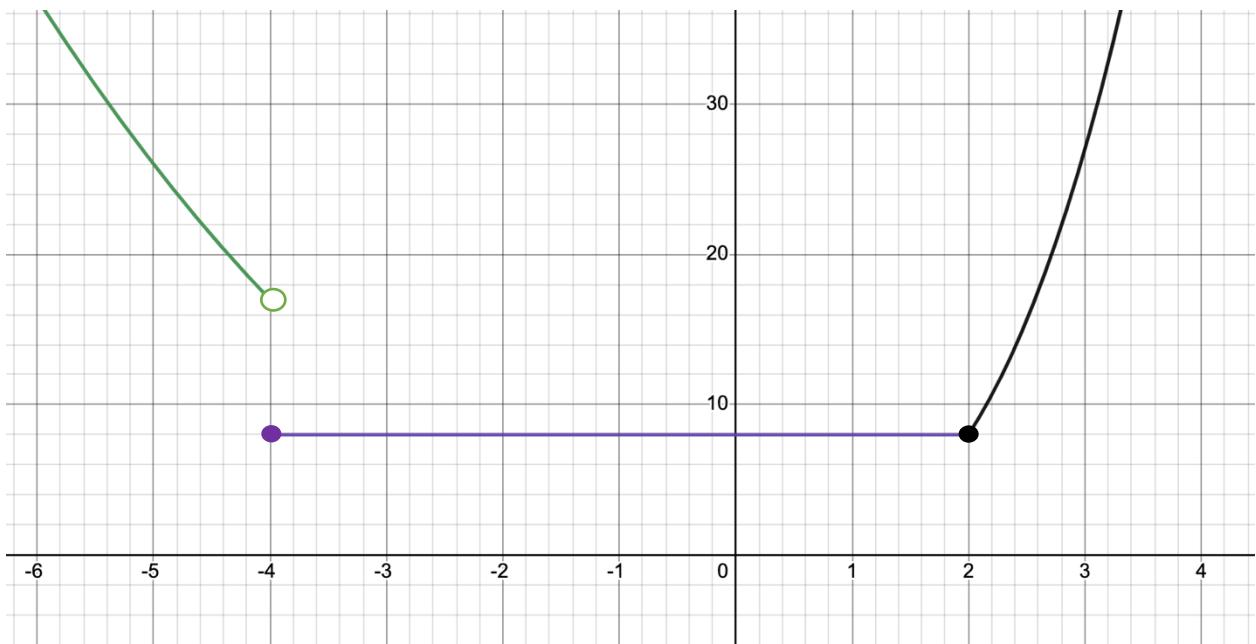
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 3x & \text{for } x < -2 \\ \pi & \text{for } x \geq -2 \end{cases}$$



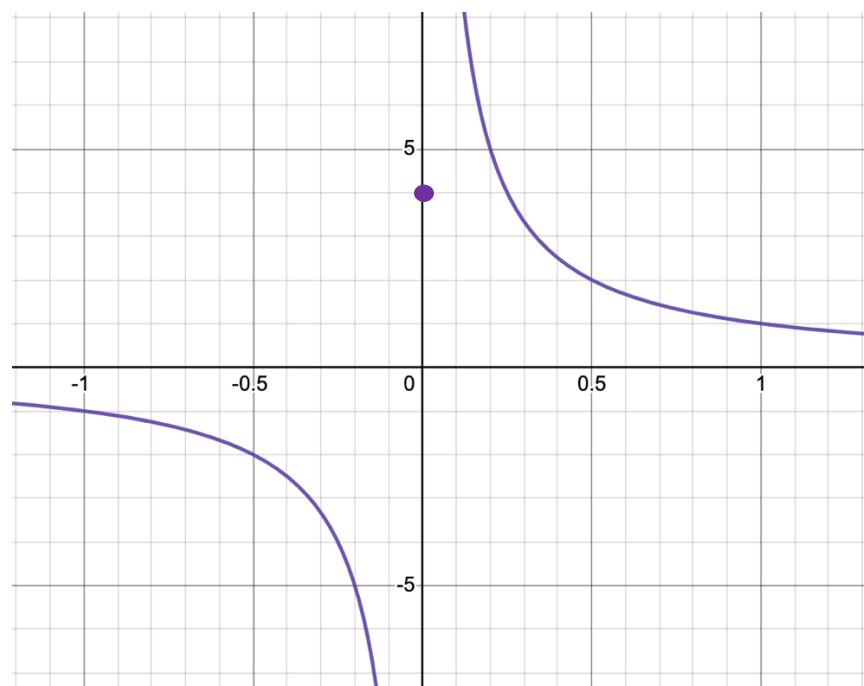
$$f(x) = |x|$$



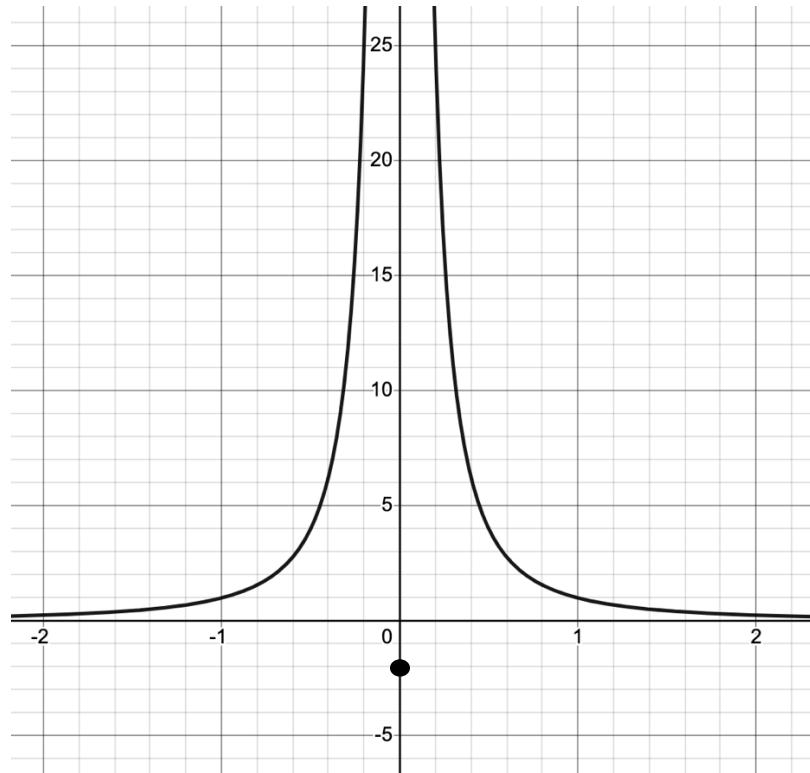
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 + 1 & x < -4 \\ 8 & -4 \leq x < 2 \\ x^3 & x \geq 2 \end{cases}$$



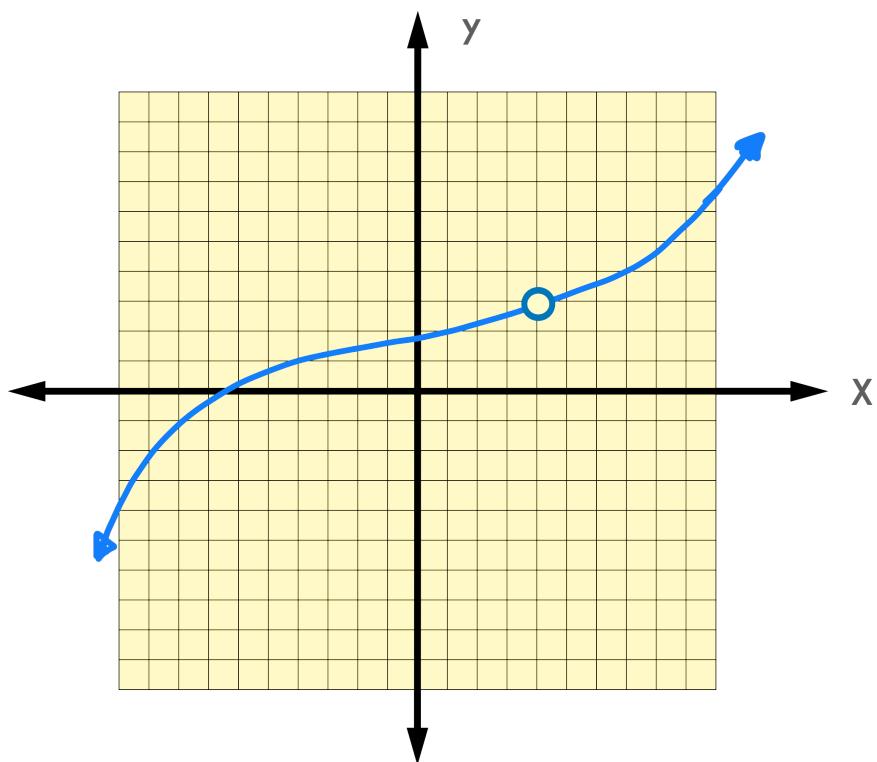
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{x} & \text{for } x \neq 0 \\ 4 & \text{for } x = 0 \end{cases}$$



$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{x^2} & \text{for } x \neq 0 \\ -2 & \text{for } x = 0 \end{cases}$$

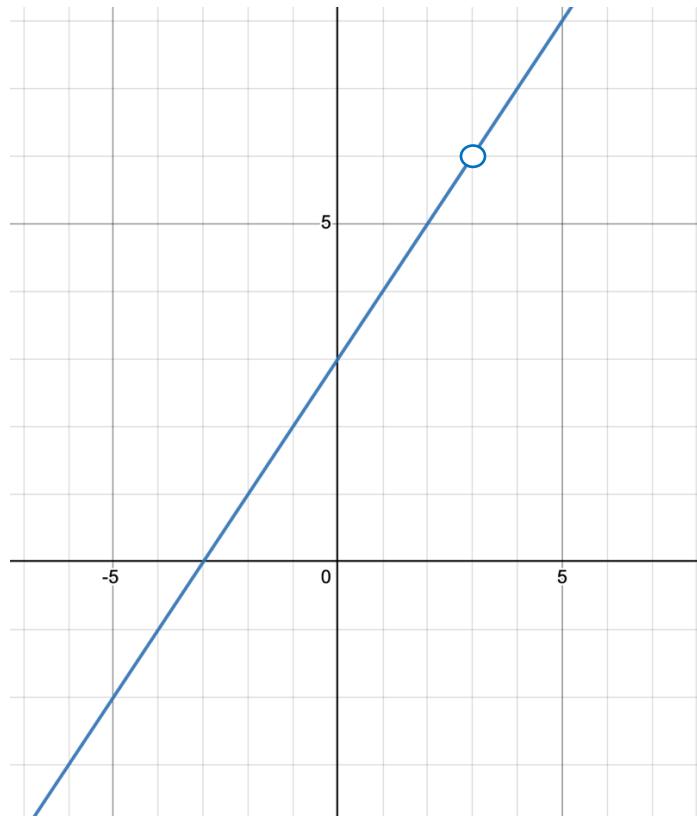


### Functions with Removable Discontinuities



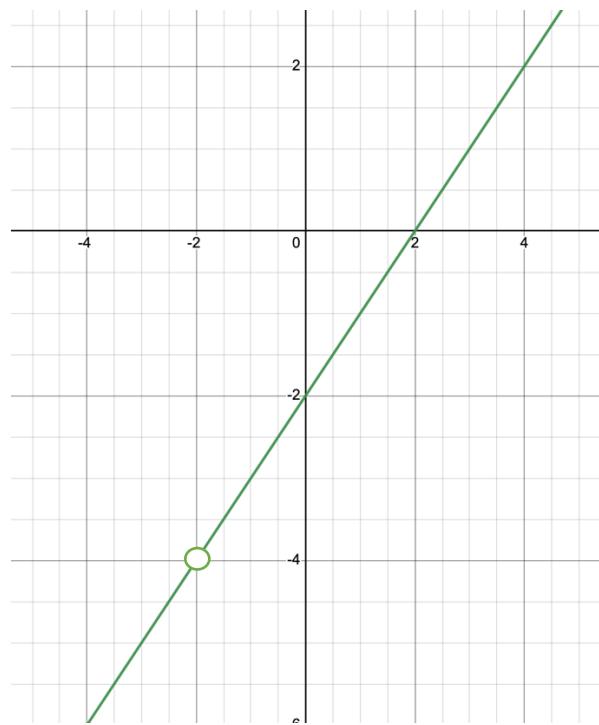
$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} f(x) = 3 \text{ and } f(4) = \text{undefined}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 9}{x - 3}$$



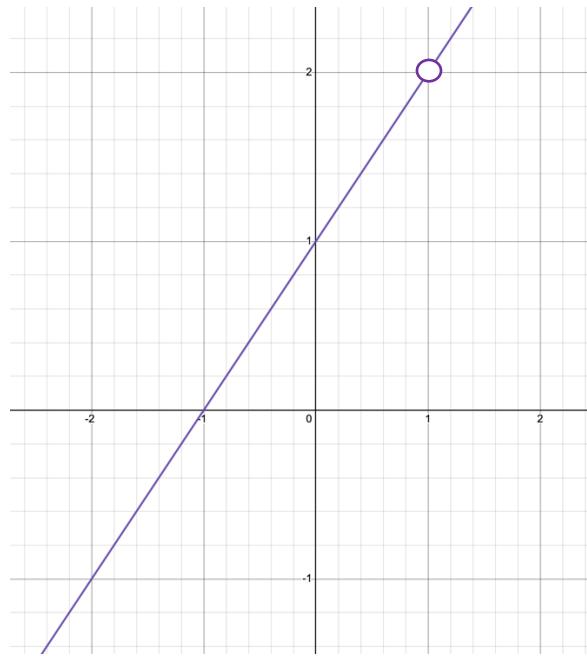


$$f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 4}{x + 2}$$



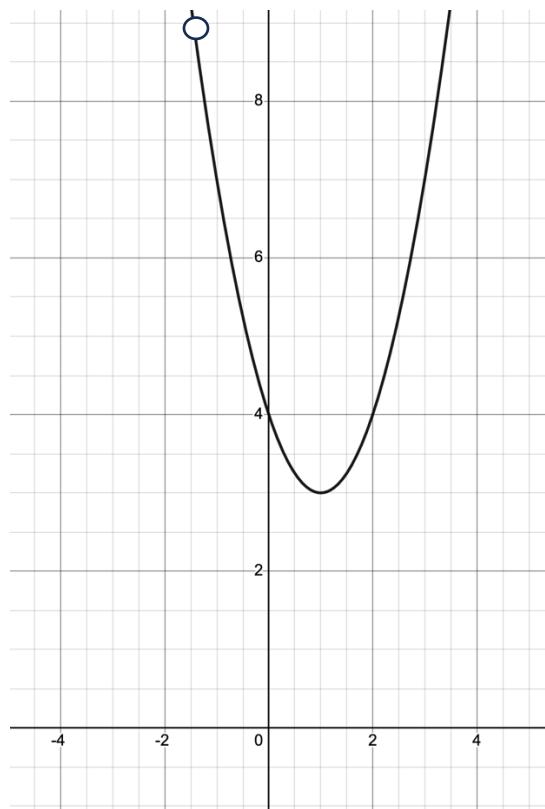


$$f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 1}{x - 1}$$

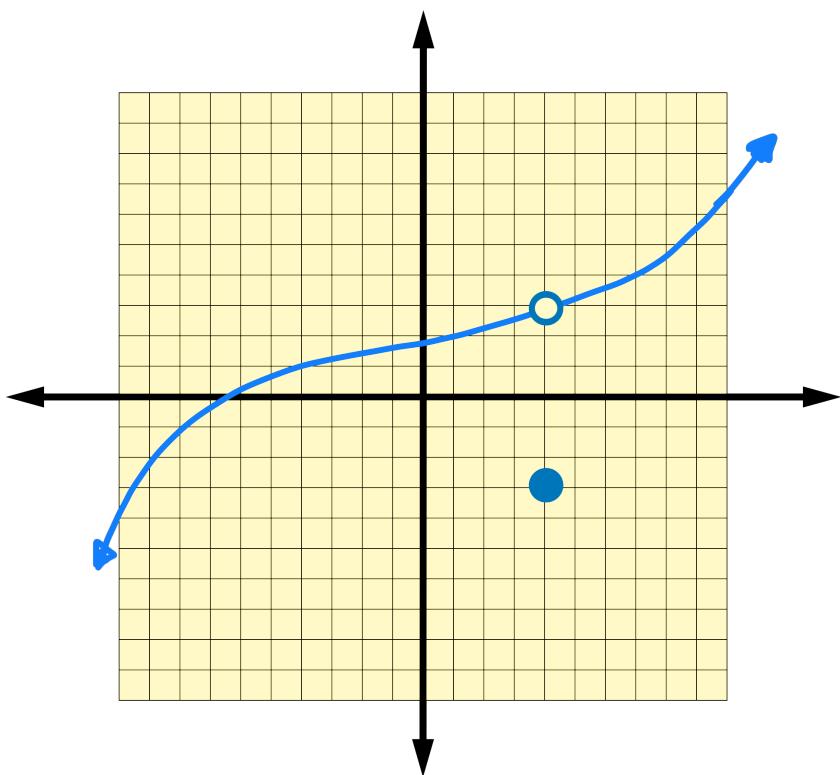




$$f(x) = \frac{x^3 + 8}{x + 2}$$

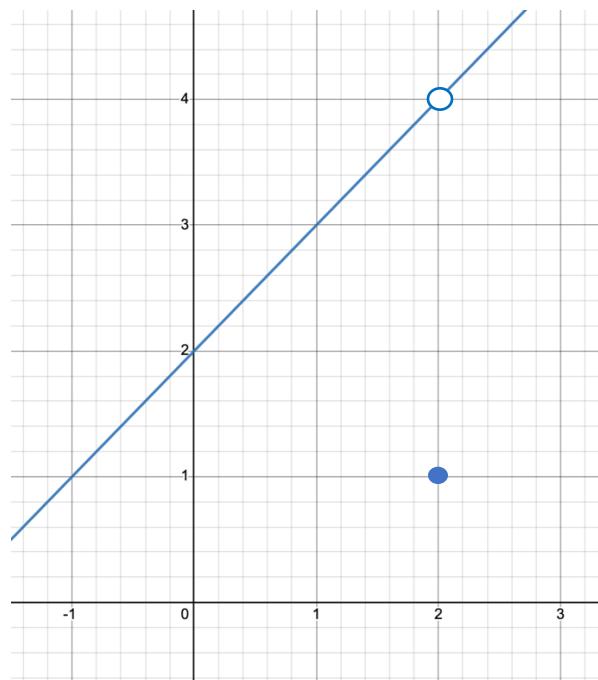






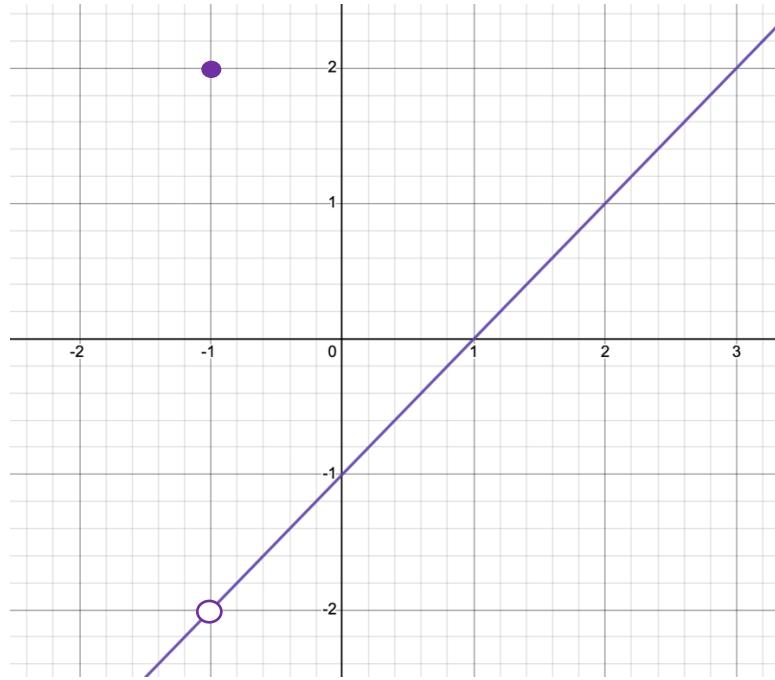
$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} f(x) = 3 \text{ and } f(4) = -3$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2 - 4}{x - 2} & \text{for } x \neq 2 \\ 1 & x = 2 \end{cases}$$





$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2 - 1}{x + 1} & \text{for } x \neq -1 \\ 2 & x = -1 \end{cases}$$





$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x+2}{x^3+8} & \text{for } x \neq -2 \\ 1 & x = -2 \end{cases}$$

